

UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

FINAL EXAMINATION PAPER 2016

TITLE OF PAPER : NONPARAMETRIC ANALYSIS

COURSE CODE : ST409

TIME ALLOWED : TWO (2) HOURS

REQUIREMENTS : CALCULATOR AND STATISTICAL TABLES

INSTRUCTIONS : ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

Question 1

[20 marks, 10+10]

- (a) In an attempt to assess the effectiveness of a political candidate's campaign oratory, a group of 60 subjects were asked the question prior to and after a prepared speech by the candidate, "If the election were held right now, would you vote for Candidate X against the incumbent?" The results are as follows:

Before	After	
	-	+
+	2	25
-	20	13

Are the responses before and after the speech associated? Use $\alpha = 0.05$.

- (b) The following data are the annual incomes (in thousands of emalangeni) for a random sample of $n = 10$ adults from a certain area

12.8, 13.6, 14.7, 16.2, 17.9, 18.6, 19.2, 19.8, 20.3, 24.4

Use the *sign* test to test that the median income doesn't exceed SZL20000 in this particular area. Use the exact null distribution of your test statistic to determine the critical value. Report your conclusions.

Question 2

[20 marks, 10+10]

- (a) In a survey conducted in 1992, senior high school students were asked if they had ever used marijuana. Of the females sampled, 445 said yes and 675 said no; of the males sampled, 515 said yes and 641 said no. Are male high school students more likely to use marijuana?
- (b) It is desired to design a given automobile to allow enough headroom to accommodate comfortably all but the tallest 5% of the people who drive. Former studies indicate that the 95th percentile was 70.3 inches. In order to see if the former studies are still valid, a random sample of size 100 is selected. It is found that the 12 tallest persons in the sample have the following heights.

72.6, 70.0, 71.3, 70.5, 70.8, 76.0, 70.1, 72.5, 71.1, 70.6, 71.9, 72.8

Is it still reasonable to use 70.3 as the 95th percentile.

Question 3

[20 marks, 8+12]

- (a) Find the exact distribution of the Wilcoxon Signed Rank statistic for $n = 4$.
- (b) The data in Table 1 are a subset of data obtained by Kaneto, Kosaka and Nakao (1967). The experiment investigated the effect of vagus nerve stimulation on insulin secretion. The subjects were mongrel dogs with varying bodyweights. Table 1 gives the ammount of immunoreactive insulin

in pancreatic venous plasma just before stimulation of the left vagus nerve (X) and the amount measured 5 minutes after stimulation (Y) for seven dogs.

Table 1: Blood levels of immunoreactive insulin $\mu U/ml$.

Sample i	X_i	Y_i
1	350	480
2	200	130
3	240	250
4	290	310
5	90	280
6	370	1450
7	240	280

Test the hypothesis of no effect against the alternative that stimulation of the vagus nerve increases the blood level of immunoreactive insulin.

Question 4

[20 marks, 10+10]

- (a) Carry out a Kolmogorov-Smirnov test of the hypothesis that the measurements

5.1, 6.2, 3.4, 2.2, 4.7, 3.3, 1.6, 4.6, 5.0, 4.3

come from the distribution.

$$f(x) = \frac{\lambda x^{\lambda-1}}{\theta^\lambda} \exp(-(x/\theta)^\lambda) \quad x > 0$$

- (b) A commuter in a large city can travel to work by car, bicycle or bus. She times four journeys by each method with the following results, in minutes.

Car	Bicycle	Bus
27	34	26
45	38	41
33	43	35
31	42	46

Test at the 5% significance level whether there are differences in the average journey times for the three modes of transport.

Question 5

[20 marks, 10+10]

- (a) An experimenter was involved in a study to determine if there is an association between stress and mental health. The Hopkins Symptom Checklist was used to determine the level of symptoms experienced and a scale was developed to measure stress levels. For data obtained, refer to the following table. Use **Kendall's tau** to perform the appropriate test at the 1% level of significance.

Participant	Stress (X)	Symptoms (Y)
1	33	100
2	30	92
3	11	83
4	18	69
5	5	98
6	16	105
7	3	65
8	21	84
9	21	70
10	35	120

- (b) On 20 successive trips between Manzini and Mbabane a bus carried 24, 19, 32, 28, 21, 23, 26, 17, 20, 28, 30, 24, 13, 35, 26, 21, 19, 29, 27, and 23 passengers. Test whether it is reasonable to treat these data as if they constitute a random sample at $\alpha = 0.01$.

Normal Distribution

Table C-1. Cumulative Probabilities of the Standard Normal Distribution.

Entry is area A under the standard normal curve from $-\infty$ to $z(A)$

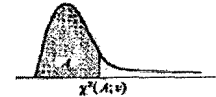


z	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
0	.5000	.5040	.5080	.5120	.5160	.5199	.5239	.5279	.5319	.5359
.1	.5398	.5438	.5478	.5517	.5557	.5596	.5636	.5675	.5714	.5753
.2	.5793	.5832	.5871	.5910	.5948	.5987	.6026	.6064	.6103	.6141
.3	.6179	.6217	.6255	.6293	.6331	.6368	.6406	.6443	.6480	.6517
.4	.6554	.6591	.6628	.6664	.6700	.6736	.6772	.6808	.6844	.6879
.5	.6915	.6950	.6985	.7019	.7054	.7088	.7123	.7157	.7190	.7224
.6	.7257	.7291	.7324	.7357	.7389	.7422	.7454	.7486	.7517	.7549
.7	.7580	.7611	.7642	.7673	.7704	.7734	.7764	.7794	.7823	.7852
.8	.7881	.7910	.7939	.7967	.7995	.8023	.8051	.8078	.8106	.8133
.9	.8159	.8186	.8212	.8238	.8264	.8289	.8315	.8340	.8365	.8389
1.0	.8413	.8438	.8461	.8483	.8508	.8531	.8554	.8577	.8599	.8621
1.1	.8643	.8665	.8686	.8708	.8729	.8749	.8770	.8790	.8810	.8830
1.2	.8849	.8869	.8888	.8907	.8925	.8944	.8962	.8980	.8997	.9015
1.3	.9032	.9049	.9066	.9082	.9099	.9115	.9131	.9147	.9162	.9177
1.4	.9192	.9207	.9222	.9236	.9251	.9265	.9279	.9292	.9306	.9319
1.5	.9332	.9345	.9357	.9370	.9382	.9394	.9406	.9418	.9429	.9441
1.6	.9452	.9463	.9474	.9484	.9495	.9505	.9515	.9525	.9535	.9545
1.7	.9554	.9564	.9573	.9582	.9591	.9599	.9608	.9616	.9623	.9633
1.8	.9641	.9649	.9656	.9664	.9671	.9678	.9686	.9693	.9699	.9706
1.9	.9713	.9719	.9726	.9732	.9738	.9744	.9750	.9756	.9761	.9767
2.0	.9772	.9778	.9783	.9788	.9793	.9798	.9803	.9808	.9812	.9817
2.1	.9821	.9826	.9830	.9834	.9838	.9842	.9846	.9850	.9854	.9857
2.2	.9861	.9864	.9868	.9871	.9873	.9878	.9881	.9884	.9887	.9890
2.3	.9893	.9896	.9898	.9901	.9904	.9906	.9908	.9911	.9913	.9916
2.4	.9918	.9920	.9922	.9925	.9927	.9929	.9931	.9932	.9934	.9936
2.5	.9938	.9940	.9941	.9943	.9945	.9946	.9948	.9949	.9951	.9952
2.6	.9953	.9955	.9956	.9957	.9959	.9960	.9961	.9962	.9963	.9964
2.7	.9965	.9966	.9967	.9968	.9969	.9970	.9971	.9972	.9973	.9974
2.8	.9974	.9975	.9976	.9977	.9977	.9978	.9979	.9979	.9980	.9981
2.9	.9981	.9982	.9982	.9983	.9984	.9984	.9985	.9985	.9986	.9986
3.0	.9987	.9987	.9987	.9988	.9988	.9989	.9989	.9989	.9990	.9990
3.1	.9990	.9991	.9991	.9991	.9992	.9992	.9992	.9992	.9993	.9993
3.2	.9993	.9993	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9994	.9995	.9995	.9995
3.3	.9995	.9995	.9995	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9996	.9997	.9997
3.4	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9997	.9998

Chi-Square Distribution

Table C-2. Percentiles of the χ^2 Distribution

Entry is $\chi^2(A; \nu)$ where $P\{\chi^2(\nu) \leq \chi^2(A; \nu)\} = A$



ν	.005	.010	.025	.050	.100	.900	.950	.975	.990	.995
1	0.0043	0.0043	0.0043	0.0043	0.0043	2.71	3.84	5.02	6.63	7.88
2	0.0100	0.0201	0.0300	0.103	0.211	4.61	5.99	7.38	9.21	10.60
3	0.072	0.115	0.216	0.352	0.584	6.25	7.81	9.35	11.34	12.84
4	0.207	0.297	0.484	0.711	1.064	7.78	9.49	11.14	13.28	14.86
5	0.412	0.554	0.831	1.145	1.61	9.24	11.07	12.83	15.09	16.75
6	0.676	0.872	1.24	1.64	2.20	10.64	12.59	14.45	16.81	18.55
7	0.989	1.24	1.69	2.17	2.83	12.02	14.07	16.01	18.48	20.28
8	1.34	1.65	2.18	2.73	3.49	13.36	15.51	17.53	20.09	21.96
9	1.73	2.09	2.70	3.33	4.17	14.68	16.92	19.02	21.67	23.59
10	2.16	2.56	3.25	3.94	4.87	15.99	18.31	20.48	23.21	25.19
11	2.60	3.05	3.82	4.57	5.58	17.28	19.68	21.92	24.73	26.76
12	3.07	3.57	4.40	5.23	6.30	18.55	21.03	23.34	26.22	28.30
13	3.57	4.11	5.01	5.89	7.06	19.81	22.36	24.74	27.69	29.82
14	4.07	4.66	5.63	6.57	7.79	21.06	23.68	26.12	29.14	31.32
15	4.60	5.23	6.26	7.26	8.55	22.31	25.00	27.49	30.58	32.80
16	5.14	5.81	6.91	7.96	9.31	23.54	26.30	28.85	32.00	34.27
17	5.70	6.41	7.56	8.67	10.09	24.77	27.59	30.19	33.41	35.72
18	6.26	7.01	8.23	9.39	10.86	25.99	28.87	31.53	34.81	37.16
19	6.84	7.63	8.91	10.12	11.65	27.20	30.14	32.85	36.19	38.58
20	7.43	8.26	9.59	10.85	12.44	28.41	31.41	34.17	37.57	40.00
21	8.03	8.90	10.28	11.59	13.24	29.62	32.67	35.48	38.93	41.40
22	8.64	9.54	10.98	12.34	14.04	30.81	33.92	36.78	40.29	42.80
23	9.26	10.20	11.69	13.09	14.85	32.01	35.17	38.08	41.64	44.18
24	9.89	10.86	12.40	13.85	15.66	33.20	36.42	39.36	42.98	45.56
25	10.52	11.52	13.12	14.61	16.47	34.38	37.65	40.63	44.31	46.93
26	11.16	12.20	13.84	15.38	17.29	35.56	38.89	41.92	45.64	48.29
27	11.81	12.88	14.57	16.15	18.11	36.74	40.11	43.19	46.96	49.64
28	12.46	13.56	15.31	16.93	18.94	37.92	41.34	44.46	48.28	50.99
29	13.12	14.26	16.05	17.71	19.77	39.09	42.56	45.72	49.59	52.34
30	13.79	14.95	16.79	18.49	20.60	40.26	43.77	46.98	50.89	53.67
40	20.71	22.16	24.43	26.51	29.05	51.80	55.76	59.34	63.69	66.77
50	27.89	29.71	32.36	34.76	37.69	63.17	67.50	71.42	75.81	79.49
60	35.53	37.48	40.48	43.19	46.46	74.40	79.08	83.30	88.38	91.95
70	43.28	45.44	48.76	51.74	55.33	85.53	90.53	95.02	100.4	104.2
80	51.17	53.54	57.15	60.39	64.28	96.58	101.9	106.6	112.3	116.3
90	59.20	61.75	65.65	69.13	73.29	107.6	113.1	118.1	124.1	128.3
100	67.33	70.06	74.22	77.93	82.36	118.5	124.3	129.6	135.8	140.2

Binomial Distribution

Table C-3. Binomial Distribution

$$B(x; n, p) = \sum_{i=0}^x b(x, n, p)$$

The values of $B(x; n, p)$ for $0.5 < p < 1.0$ are obtained by using the formula

$$B(x; n, 1-p) = 1 - B(n-1-x; n, p)$$

n	x	p									
		0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.50
5	0	0.774	0.590	0.444	0.328	0.237	0.168	0.116	0.078	0.050	0.031
	1	0.977	0.919	0.835	0.737	0.633	0.528	0.428	0.337	0.256	0.188
	2	0.999	0.991	0.973	0.942	0.896	0.837	0.765	0.683	0.593	0.500
	3	1.000	1.000	0.998	0.993	0.984	0.969	0.946	0.913	0.869	0.813
	4	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.998	0.995	0.990	0.982	0.969
	5	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
10	0	0.599	0.349	0.197	0.107	0.056	0.028	0.013	0.006	0.003	0.001
	1	0.914	0.736	0.544	0.376	0.244	0.149	0.086	0.046	0.023	0.011
	2	0.988	0.930	0.820	0.678	0.526	0.383	0.262	0.167	0.100	0.055
	3	0.999	0.987	0.950	0.879	0.776	0.650	0.514	0.382	0.266	0.172
	4	1.000	0.998	0.990	0.967	0.922	0.860	0.781	0.683	0.564	0.437
	5	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.994	0.980	0.953	0.905	0.834	0.738	0.623
	6	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.996	0.989	0.974	0.945	0.898	0.828
	7	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.998	0.995	0.988	0.973	0.945	
	8	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.998	0.995	0.989	
	9	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	
	10	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	
15	0	0.463	0.206	0.087	0.035	0.013	0.005	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000
	1	0.829	0.549	0.319	0.167	0.080	0.035	0.014	0.005	0.002	0.000
	2	0.964	0.816	0.604	0.398	0.236	0.127	0.062	0.027	0.011	0.004
	3	0.995	0.944	0.823	0.648	0.461	0.297	0.173	0.091	0.042	0.018
	4	0.999	0.987	0.938	0.836	0.686	0.515	0.352	0.217	0.120	0.059
	5	1.000	0.998	0.983	0.939	0.852	0.722	0.564	0.403	0.261	0.151
	6	1.000	1.000	0.996	0.982	0.943	0.869	0.755	0.610	0.452	0.304
	7	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.996	0.983	0.950	0.887	0.787	0.654	0.500
	8	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.996	0.985	0.958	0.905	0.818	0.696
	9	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.996	0.988	0.966	0.923	0.849
	10	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.997	0.991	0.975	0.941
	11	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.998	0.994	0.982	
	12	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.996	
	13	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	
	14	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	
	15	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	

Table C-3 (Continued) Binomial Distribution

n	x	p									
		0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.45	0.50
20	0	0.358	0.122	0.039	0.012	0.003	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	1	0.736	0.392	0.176	0.069	0.024	0.008	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.000
	2	0.925	0.677	0.405	0.206	0.091	0.035	0.012	0.004	0.001	0.000
	3	0.984	0.867	0.648	0.411	0.225	0.107	0.044	0.016	0.005	0.001
	4	0.997	0.957	0.830	0.630	0.415	0.238	0.118	0.051	0.019	0.006
	5	1.000	0.989	0.933	0.804	0.617	0.416	0.245	0.126	0.055	0.021
	6	1.000	0.998	0.978	0.913	0.786	0.608	0.417	0.250	0.130	0.058
	7	1.000	1.000	0.994	0.968	0.898	0.772	0.601	0.416	0.252	0.132
	8	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.990	0.959	0.887	0.762	0.596	0.414	0.252
	9	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.997	0.986	0.952	0.878	0.755	0.591	0.412
	10	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.996	0.983	0.947	0.872	0.751	0.588
	11	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.995	0.980	0.943	0.869	0.748
	12	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.994	0.979	0.942	0.868
	13	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.998	0.994	0.979	0.942
	14	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.998	0.994	0.979
	15	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.998	0.994
	16	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999
	17	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	18	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	19	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	20	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
25	0	0.277	0.072	0.017	0.004	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	1	0.642	0.271	0.093	0.027	0.007	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	2	0.873	0.537	0.254	0.098	0.032	0.009	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000
	3	0.966	0.764	0.471	0.234	0.096	0.033	0.010	0.002	0.000	0.000
	4	0.993	0.902	0.682	0.421	0.214	0.090	0.032	0.009	0.002	0.000
	5	0.999	0.967	0.858	0.617	0.378	0.193	0.083	0.029	0.009	0.002
	6	1.000	0.991	0.930	0.780	0.561	0.341	0.173	0.074	0.026	0.007
	7	1.000	0.998	0.975	0.891	0.727	0.512	0.306	0.154	0.064	0.022
	8	1.000	1.000	0.992	0.953	0.851	0.677	0.467	0.274	0.134	0.054
	9	1.000	1.000	0.998	0.983	0.929	0.811	0.630	0.425	0.242	0.115
	10	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.994	0.970	0.902	0.771	0.586	0.384	0.212
	11	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.998	0.989	0.956	0.875	0.732	0.543	0.345
	12	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.997	0.983	0.940	0.846	0.694	0.500
	13	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.994	0.975	0.922	0.817	0.655
	14	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.998	0.991	0.966	0.904	0.788
	15	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.997	0.987	0.956	0.885
	16	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.996	0.983	0.946
	17	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999	0.994	0.978
	18	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.998	0.993
	19	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.998
	20	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	21	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	22	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	23	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	24	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	25	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000

Quantiles of the Mann-Whitney Test Statistic

Table C-6 Quantiles of the Mann-Whitney Test Statistic

[illegible]

Table C-6 (Continued) Quantiles of the Mann-Whitney Test Statistic

[illegible]

Table C-6 (Continued) Quantiles of the Mann-Whitney Test Statistic

n	p	m=2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
20	.001	210	211	214	218	223	227	231	237	243	248	253	259	265	270	276	281	287	293	299
	.005	211	214	219	224	229	235	241	247	253	259	265	271	278	284	290	297	303	310	316
	.01	212	216	221	227	233	239	245	251	258	264	271	278	284	291	298	304	311	318	325
	.025	213	219	225	231	238	245	251	259	266	273	280	287	294	301	309	316	323	330	338
	.05	215	222	229	236	243	250	258	265	273	280	288	295	303	311	318	326	334	341	349
	.10	218	226	233	241	249	257	265	273	281	289	297	305	313	321	329	338	346	354	362

Quantiles of the Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistics for Small Sample Sizes

Table C-7 Quantiles of the Kruskal-Wallis Test Statistic for Small Sample Sizes

Sample Sizes	W _{0.90}	W _{0.95}	W _{0.99}
2, 2, 2	3.7143	4.5714	4.5714
3, 2, 1	3.8571	4.2857	4.2857
3, 2, 2	4.4643	4.5000	5.3571
3, 3, 1	4.0000	4.5714	5.1429
3, 3, 2	4.2500	5.1389	6.2500
3, 3, 3	4.6000	5.0667	6.4889
4, 2, 1	4.0179	4.8214	4.8214
4, 2, 2	4.1667	5.1250	6.0000
4, 3, 1	3.8889	5.0000	5.8333
4, 3, 2	4.4444	5.4000	6.3000
4, 3, 3	4.7000	5.7273	6.7091
4, 4, 1	4.0667	4.8667	6.1667
4, 4, 2	4.4455	5.2364	6.8727
4, 4, 3	4.773	5.5758	7.1364
4, 4, 4	4.5000	5.6538	7.5385
5, 2, 1	4.0500	4.4500	5.2500
5, 2, 2	4.2933	5.0400	6.1333
5, 3, 1	3.8400	4.8711	6.4000
5, 3, 2	4.4946	5.1055	6.8218
5, 3, 3	4.4121	5.5152	6.9818
5, 4, 1	3.9600	4.8600	6.8400
5, 4, 2	4.5182	5.2682	7.1182
5, 4, 3	4.5231	5.6308	7.3949
5, 4, 4	4.6187	5.6176	7.7440
5, 5, 1	4.0364	4.9091	6.8364
5, 5, 2	4.5077	5.2462	7.2692
5, 5, 3	4.5363	5.6264	7.5429
5, 5, 4	4.5200	5.6429	7.7914
5, 5, 5	4.5000	5.6600	7.9800

Quantiles of Kendall's Test Statistic

Table C-9 Quantiles of the Kendall's Test Statistic

<i>n</i>	<i>p</i> = .900	.950	.975	.990	.995
4	4	4	6	6	6
5	6	6	8	8	10
6	7	9	11	11	13
7	9	11	13	15	17
8	10	14	16	18	20
9	12	16	18	22	24
10	13	19	21	25	27
11	17	21	25	29	31
12	18	24	28	34	36
13	22	26	32	38	42
14	23	31	35	41	45
15	27	33	39	47	51
16	28	36	44	50	56
17	32	40	48	56	62
18	35	43	51	61	67
19	37	47	55	65	73
20	40	50	60	70	78
21	42	54	64	76	84
22	45	59	69	81	89
23	49	63	73	87	97
24	52	66	78	92	102
25	56	70	84	98	108
26	59	75	89	105	115
27	61	79	93	111	123
28	66	84	98	116	128
29	68	88	104	124	136
30	73	93	109	129	143
31	75	97	115	135	149
32	80	102	120	142	158
33	84	106	126	150	164
34	87	111	131	155	173
35	91	115	137	163	179
36	94	120	144	170	188
37	98	126	150	176	196
38	103	131	155	183	203
39	107	137	161	191	211
40	110	142	168	198	220

Table C-9 (Continued) Quantiles of the Kendall's Test Statistic

<i>n</i>	<i>p</i> = .900	.950	.975	.990	.995
41	114	146	174	206	228
42	119	151	181	213	235
43	123	157	187	221	245
44	128	162	194	228	252
45	132	168	200	236	262
46	135	173	207	245	271
47	141	179	213	253	279
48	144	186	220	260	288
49	150	190	228	268	296
50	153	197	233	277	305
51	159	203	241	285	315
52	162	208	248	294	324
53	168	214	256	302	334
54	173	221	263	311	343
55	177	227	269	319	353
56	182	232	276	328	362
57	186	240	284	336	372
58	191	245	291	345	381
59	197	251	299	355	391
60	202	258	306	364	402