UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

FINAL EXAMINATION PAPER 2009

TITLE OF PAPER	:	MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS
COURSE CODE	:	ST410
TIME ALLOWED	:	2 (TWO) HOURS
REQUIRMENTS	:	STATISTICAL TABLES AND CALCULATOR
INSTRUCTIONS	:	ANSWER ANY 4 (FOUR) QUESTIONS. ALL QUESTIONS CARRY EQUAL MARKS.

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QUESTION ONE. [5 + 4 + 2 + 4 + 10 marks]

a. "Principal components analysis does not always work, in the sense that a large number of original variables are reduced to a small number of transformed variables. Indeed, if the original variables are uncorrelated, then the analysis achieves nothing". Explain.

b. Check the suitability of principal component analysis for the eight variables given in the following correlation matrix. Explain your evaluation.

Correlation Matrix

	x1	x2	x3	x4	x5	x6	x7	x8
Correlation x1	1.000	-.019	-.183	-.070	-.031	-.064	-.050	.085
x2	-.019	1.000	.221	.129	.152	.031	-.165	-.144
x3	-.183	.221	1.000	.756	.744	.650	-.358	-.733
x4	-.070	.129	.756	1.000	.983	.865	-.583	-.962
x5	-.031	.152	.744	.983	1.000	.809	-.508	-.937
x6	-.064	.031	.650	.865	.809	1.000	-.699	-.900
x7	-.050	-.165	-.358	-.583	-.508	-.699	1.000	.607
x8	.085	-.144	-.733	-.962	-.937	-.900	.607	1.000

c. Consider the following partial SPSS output:

Total Variance Explained

Component	Initial Eigenvalues			Extraction Sums of Squared Loadings		
	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %
1	1.337	33.432	33.432	1.337	33.432	33.432
2	1.206	30.160	63.592	1.206	30.160	63.592
3	.762	19.060	82.652	.762	19.060	82.652
4	.694	17.348	100.000	.694	17.348	100.000

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Component Matrix[a]

	Component			
	1	2	3	4
x1	-.471	.623	.620	-.076
x2	.714	.379	-.011	-.589
x3	.778	-.014	.410	.477
x4	.041	.821	-.458	.338

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

a. 4 components extracted.

i. State the total number of original variable in the data set.

ii. How many components will you get? How many will you select? Explain why?

iii. List all possible principle components. Explain all steps to obtain these components.

QUESTION TWO. [5 + 8 + 12 marks]

a. State and define the general factor analysis model.
b. List the important differences between factor analysis and principal component analysis.
c. Write the unrotated factor model along with the respective communalities using the following table which shows the eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of C^{-1}:

Component	Eigenvalue	Eigenvectors			
		X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4
1	1.337	–0.407	0.617	0.673	0.036
2	1.206	–0.567	0.345	–0.013	0.748
3	0.762	0.710	–0.013	0.470	–0.525
4	0.694	–0.091	–0.707	0.573	0.406

i. How many components will you have? How many components will you choose? Explain why?
ii. List those selected components and interpret those in terms of original variables, X_i's.

QUESTION THREE. [6 + 12 + 6 + 1 marks]

Suppose we have three variables in each of the 3 groups with sample sizes n_A=3, n_B=4 and n_C=5. Consider the followings:

$$\bar{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 13 & 5 \\ 6 & 10 & 6 \\ 3 & 12 & 7 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \bar{X} = \begin{pmatrix} 4.25 \\ 11.58 \\ 6.17 \end{pmatrix} \quad S^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 5.7 \\ 8.6 \\ 1.6 \end{pmatrix}, \quad C^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 2.170 & -0.258 & -2.435 \\ -0.258 & 0.156 & 0.148 \\ -2.435 & 0.148 & 3.643 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{W} = \begin{bmatrix} 42.0 & 39.0 & 10.0 \\ 39.0 & 78.0 & 11.0 \\ 10.0 & 11.0 & 10.0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \& \quad \mathbf{T} = \begin{bmatrix} 62.25 & 24.25 & 8.5 \\ 24.25 & 94.92 & 8.83 \\ 8.5 & 8.83 & 17.67 \end{bmatrix}$$

where $\bar{x}$ is the matrix of means, the first row represents the means of the three variables in group A, etc.; $\bar{X}$ is the vector of means of the three variables; S^2 is the vector of variances of the three variables; C^{-1} is the inverse of the pooled covariance matrix of group B and C; W is the within sum of squire matrix and T is the total sum of squire matrix.

Answer the following questions:

a. Perform Hotellings' T^2 test considering group B and C. Specify the null and alternative hypotheses.
b. Compute Wilk's Λ statistic. Use χ^2 and F approximation to test the equality of population mean vectors. Specify the null and alternative hypotheses.
c. Perform the one-way analysis of variance procedure to test the equality of variable means for each of those three variables.
d. Comment on the results found in part (b) and (c).

QUESTION FOUR. [6 + 2 + 2 + 5 + 10 marks]

a. Define Discriminant Function. State the important properties of these functions.

b. Discuss the main reason why we prefer the Discriminant Function Analysis over Factor Analysis.

c. The following table shows the eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of $W^{-1}B$:

	Eigenvectors				
Eigenvalue	X_1	X_2	X_3	X_4	X_5
3.111	0.512	0.375	-0.246	-0.315	-0.222
1.817	-0.024	0.000	0.432	0.109	-0.242
1.204	-0.278	0.516	-0.503	-0.292	0.071
0.663	0.016	0.113	0.058	0.023	0.783
0.305	0.025	-0.345	0.231	-0.854	-0.064

i. How many groups and variables were considered in this problem?

ii. List all the canonical discriminant functions.

iii. Assuming that the i^{th} sample size, $n_i = 30$ for all i; test whether each of these functions varies significantly from group to group.

QUESTION FIVE. [6 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 3 + 10 marks]

The following tables are part of the complete output running SPSS for a set of multivariate variables; not necessarily from the same set of variables. Tables 1-4 are obtained running Factor Analysis and Tables 5-7 are obtained running Discriminant Function Analysis:

Table 1:

Total Variance Explained

Component	Initial Eigenvalues			Extraction Sums of Squared Loadings		
	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %	Total	% of Variance	Cumulative %
1	3.279	46.842	46.842	3.279	46.842	46.842
2	1.507	21.527	68.369	1.507	21.527	68.369
3	1.124	16.053	84.422	1.124	16.053	84.422
4	.609	8.706	93.128			
5	.346	4.947	98.074			
6	.132	1.891	99.965			
7	.002	.035	100.000			

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Table 2:

Component Matrix[a]

	Component		
	1	2	3
Y1	.469	.722	.279
Y2	.410	.740	.341
Y3	.819	.084	-.477
Y4	.751	.060	-.547
Y5	.770	-.461	.429
Y6	.772	-.459	.427
Y7	.683	-.067	-.190

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.
a. 3 components extracted.

Table 3:

Rotated Component Matrix[a]

	Component		
	1	2	3
Y1	.169	.061	.887
Y2	.085	.050	.906
Y3	.920	.181	.164
Y4	.920	.111	.091
Y5	.221	.968	.059
Y6	.223	.968	.060
Y7	.614	.344	.106

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.
Rotation Method: Varimax with Kaiser Normalization.
a. Rotation converged in 5 iterations.

Table 4:

Component Score Coefficient Matrix

	Component		
	1	2	3
Y1	-.052	-.026	.555
Y2	-.102	-.012	.581
Y3	.479	-.122	-.039
Y4	.507	-.163	-.085
Y5	-.118	.530	-.018
Y6	-.116	.528	-.018
Y7	.265	.054	-.034

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.
Rotation Method: Varimax with Kaiser Normalization.

Table 5:

Wilks' Lambda

Test of Function(s)	Wilks' Lambda	Chi-square	df	Sig.
1 through 3	.890	2554.401	18	.000
2 through 3	.982	386.582	10	.000
3	.994	128.247	4	.000

Table 6:

Standardized Canonical Discriminant Function Coefficients

	Function		
	1	2	3
X1	.923	-.456	.199
X2	.326	.396	.637
X3	.006	-.207	.949
X4	.121	-.162	-.150
X5	-.140	.691	-.301
X6	-.044	.740	.091

Table 7:

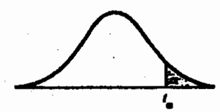
Canonical Discriminant Function Coefficients

	Function		
	1	2	3
X1	.989	-.489	.213
X2	.023	.028	.046
X3	.014	-.447	2.055
X4	.118	-.158	-.146
X5	-.312	1.541	-.671
X6	-.052	.879	.109
(Constant)	-2.806	-1.316	-1.908

Unstandardized coefficients

a. Examine Table 1. State the number of original variables and number of total principal components you can get from the analysis. How many principal components will you select? Explain. How many factors will you select? Explain.
b. How many factors were chosen in Table 2? Explain the reason. Do you agree? If disagree, explain why?
c. List the first two equations of the model chosen in Table 2 and compute their communalities.
d. List all equations needed to compute factor scores based on the number of factors chosen in part (b).
e. Is it possible to say how many groups and variables were considered in discriminant function analysis (Tables 5-7)? If possible write the number of variables and the number of groups; either exact number or the range of numbers.
f. Write all the discriminant functions and test whether each of those is significant at 5% level of significance.

Table 5
Percentage points of the t distributions



$t_{.100}$	$t_{.050}$	$t_{.025}$	$t_{.010}$	$t_{.005}$	d.f.
3.078	6.314	12.706	31.821	63.657	1
1.886	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925	2
1.638	2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841	3
1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604	4
1.476	2.015	2.571	3.365	4.032	5
1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707	6
1.415	1.895	2.365	2.998	3.499	7
1.397	1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355	8
1.383	1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250	9
1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169	10
1.363	1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106	11
1.356	1.782	2.179	2.681	3.055	12
1.350	1.771	2.160	2.650	3.012	13
1.345	1.761	2.145	2.624	2.977	14
1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947	15
1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921	16
1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898	17
1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878	18
1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861	19
1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845	20
1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831	21
1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819	22
1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807	23
1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797	24
1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787	25
1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779	26
1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771	27
1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763	28
1.311	1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756	29
1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576	inf.

TABLE A.3 Percentiles of the χ^2 Distribution

Entry is $\chi^2(A;\nu)$ where $P\{\chi^2(\nu) \le \chi^2(A;\nu)\} = A$

$\chi^2(A;\nu)$

ν	.005	.010	.025	.050	.100	.900	.950	.975	.990	.995
	A									
1	0.0^4393	0.0^3157	0.0^3982	0.0^2393	0.0158	2.71	3.84	5.02	6.63	7.88
2	0.0100	0.0201	0.0506	0.103	0.211	4.61	5.99	7.38	9.21	10.60
3	0.072	0.115	0.216	0.352	0.584	6.25	7.81	9.35	11.34	12.84
4	0.207	0.297	0.484	0.711	1.064	7.78	9.49	11.14	13.28	14.86
5	0.412	0.554	0.831	1.145	1.61	9.24	11.07	12.83	15.09	16.75
6	0.676	0.872	1.24	1.64	2.20	10.64	12.59	14.45	16.81	18.55
7	0.989	1.24	1.69	2.17	2.83	12.02	14.07	16.01	18.48	20.28
8	1.34	1.65	2.18	2.73	3.49	13.36	15.51	17.53	20.09	21.96
9	1.73	2.09	2.70	3.33	4.17	14.68	16.92	19.02	21.67	23.59
10	2.16	2.56	3.25	3.94	4.87	15.99	18.31	20.48	23.21	25.19
11	2.60	3.05	3.82	4.57	5.58	17.28	19.68	21.92	24.73	26.76
12	3.07	3.57	4.40	5.23	6.30	18.55	21.03	23.34	26.22	28.30
13	3.57	4.11	5.01	5.89	7.04	19.81	22.36	24.74	27.69	29.82
14	4.07	4.66	5.63	6.57	7.79	21.06	23.68	26.12	29.14	31.32
15	4.60	5.23	6.26	7.26	8.55	22.31	25.00	27.49	30.58	32.80
16	5.14	5.81	6.91	7.96	9.31	23.54	26.30	28.85	32.00	34.27
17	5.70	6.41	7.56	8.67	10.09	24.77	27.59	30.19	33.41	35.72
18	6.26	7.01	8.23	9.39	10.86	25.99	28.87	31.53	34.81	37.16
19	6.84	7.63	8.91	10.12	11.65	27.20	30.14	32.85	36.19	38.58
20	7.43	8.26	9.59	10.85	12.44	28.41	31.41	34.17	37.57	40.00
21	8.03	8.90	10.28	11.59	13.24	29.62	32.67	35.48	38.93	41.40
22	8.64	9.54	10.98	12.34	14.04	30.81	33.92	36.78	40.29	42.80
23	9.26	10.20	11.69	13.09	14.85	32.01	35.17	38.08	41.64	44.18
24	9.89	10.86	12.40	13.85	15.66	33.20	36.42	39.36	42.98	45.56
25	10.52	11.52	13.12	14.61	16.47	34.38	37.65	40.65	44.31	46.93
26	11.16	12.20	13.84	15.38	17.29	35.56	38.89	41.92	45.64	48.29
27	11.81	12.88	14.57	16.15	18.11	36.74	40.11	43.19	46.96	49.64
28	12.46	13.56	15.31	16.93	18.94	37.92	41.34	44.46	48.28	50.99
29	13.12	14.26	16.05	17.71	19.77	39.09	42.56	45.72	49.59	52.34
30	13.79	14.95	16.79	18.49	20.60	40.26	43.77	46.98	50.89	53.67
40	20.71	22.16	24.43	26.51	29.05	51.81	55.76	59.34	63.69	66.77
50	27.99	29.71	32.36	34.76	37.69	63.17	67.50	71.42	76.15	79.49
60	35.53	37.48	40.48	43.19	46.46	74.40	79.08	83.30	88.38	91.95
70	43.28	45.44	48.76	51.74	55.33	85.53	90.53	95.02	100.4	104.2
80	51.17	53.54	57.15	60.39	64.28	96.58	101.9	106.6	112.3	116.3
90	59.20	61.75	65.65	69.13	73.29	107.6	113.1	118.1	124.1	128.3
100	67.33	70.06	74.22	77.93	82.36	118.5	124.3	129.6	135.8	140.2

Source: Reprinted, with permission, from C. M. Thompson, "Table of Percentage Points of the Chi-Square Distribution," *Biometrika* 32 (1941), pp. 188–89.

TABLE A.4 Percentiles of the F Distribution

Entry is $F(A;\nu_1,\nu_2)$ where $P\{F(\nu_1,\nu_2) \le F(A;\nu_1,\nu_2)\} = A$

$F(A;\nu_1,\nu_2)$

$$F(A;\nu_1,\nu_2) = \frac{1}{F(1-A;\nu_2,\nu_1)}$$

TABLE A.4 (continued) Percentiles of the F Distribution

Den. df	A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		Numerator df								
8	.50	0.499	0.757	0.860	0.915	0.948	0.971	0.988	1.00	1.01
	.90	3.46	3.11	2.92	2.81	2.73	2.67	2.62	2.59	2.56
	.95	5.32	4.46	4.07	3.84	3.69	3.58	3.50	3.44	3.39
	.975	7.57	6.06	5.42	5.05	4.82	4.65	4.53	4.43	4.36
	.99	11.3	8.65	7.59	7.01	6.63	6.37	6.18	6.03	5.91
	.995	14.7	11.0	9.60	8.81	8.30	7.95	7.69	7.50	7.34
	.999	25.4	18.5	15.8	14.4	13.5	12.9	12.4	12.0	11.8
9	.50	0.494	0.749	0.852	0.906	0.939	0.962	0.978	0.990	1.00
	.90	3.36	3.01	2.81	2.69	2.61	2.55	2.51	2.47	2.44
	.95	5.12	4.26	3.86	3.63	3.48	3.37	3.29	3.23	3.18
	.975	7.21	5.71	5.08	4.72	4.48	4.32	4.20	4.10	4.03
	.99	10.6	8.02	6.99	6.42	6.06	5.80	5.61	5.47	5.35
	.995	13.6	10.1	8.72	7.96	7.47	7.13	6.88	6.69	6.54
	.999	22.9	16.4	13.9	12.6	11.7	11.1	10.7	10.4	10.1
10	.50	0.490	0.743	0.845	0.899	0.932	0.954	0.971	0.983	0.992
	.90	3.29	2.92	2.73	2.61	2.52	2.46	2.41	2.38	2.35
	.95	4.96	4.10	3.71	3.48	3.33	3.22	3.14	3.07	3.02
	.975	6.94	5.46	4.83	4.47	4.24	4.07	3.95	3.85	3.78
	.99	10.0	7.56	6.55	5.99	5.64	5.39	5.20	5.06	4.94
	.995	12.8	9.43	8.08	7.34	6.87	6.54	6.30	6.12	5.97
	.999	21.0	14.9	12.6	11.3	10.5	9.93	9.52	9.20	8.96
12	.50	0.484	0.735	0.835	0.888	0.921	0.943	0.959	0.972	0.981
	.90	3.18	2.81	2.61	2.48	2.39	2.33	2.28	2.24	2.21
	.95	4.75	3.89	3.49	3.26	3.11	3.00	2.91	2.85	2.80
	.975	6.55	5.10	4.47	4.12	3.89	3.73	3.61	3.51	3.44
	.99	9.33	6.93	5.95	5.41	5.06	4.82	4.64	4.50	4.39
	.995	11.8	8.51	7.23	6.52	6.07	5.76	5.52	5.35	5.20
	.999	18.6	13.0	10.8	9.63	8.89	8.38	8.00	7.71	7.48
15	.50	0.478	0.726	0.826	0.878	0.911	0.933	0.949	0.960	0.970
	.90	3.07	2.70	2.49	2.36	2.27	2.21	2.16	2.12	2.09
	.95	4.54	3.68	3.29	3.06	2.90	2.79	2.71	2.64	2.59
	.975	6.20	4.77	4.15	3.80	3.58	3.41	3.29	3.20	3.12
	.99	8.68	6.36	5.42	4.89	4.56	4.32	4.14	4.00	3.89
	.995	10.8	7.70	6.48	5.80	5.37	5.07	4.85	4.67	4.54
	.999	16.6	11.3	9.34	8.25	7.57	7.09	6.74	6.47	6.26
20	.50	0.472	0.718	0.816	0.868	0.900	0.922	0.938	0.950	0.959
	.90	2.97	2.59	2.38	2.25	2.16	2.09	2.04	2.00	1.96
	.95	4.35	3.49	3.10	2.87	2.71	2.60	2.51	2.45	2.39
	.975	5.87	4.46	3.86	3.51	3.29	3.13	3.01	2.91	2.84
	.99	8.10	5.85	4.94	4.43	4.10	3.87	3.70	3.56	3.46
	.995	9.94	6.99	5.82	5.17	4.76	4.47	4.26	4.09	3.96
	.999	14.8	9.95	8.10	7.10	6.46	6.02	5.69	5.44	5.24
24	.50	0.469	0.714	0.812	0.863	0.895	0.917	0.932	0.944	0.953
	.90	2.93	2.54	2.33	2.19	2.10	2.04	1.98	1.94	1.91
	.95	4.26	3.40	3.01	2.78	2.62	2.51	2.42	2.36	2.30
	.975	5.72	4.32	3.72	3.38	3.15	2.99	2.87	2.78	2.70
	.99	7.82	5.61	4.72	4.22	3.90	3.67	3.50	3.36	3.26
	.995	9.55	6.66	5.52	4.89	4.49	4.20	3.99	3.83	3.69
	.999	14.0	9.34	7.55	6.59	5.98	5.55	5.23	4.99	4.80

TABLE A.4 (continued) Percentiles of the F Distribution

Den. df	A	10	12	15	20	24	30	60	120	∞
		Numerator df								
8	.50	1.02	1.03	1.04	1.05	1.06	1.07	1.08	1.08	1.09
	.90	2.54	2.50	2.46	2.42	2.40	2.38	2.34	2.32	2.29
	.95	3.35	3.28	3.22	3.15	3.12	3.08	3.01	2.97	2.93
	.975	4.30	4.20	4.10	4.00	3.95	3.89	3.78	3.73	3.67
	.99	5.81	5.67	5.52	5.36	5.28	5.20	5.03	4.95	4.86
	.995	7.21	7.01	6.81	6.61	6.50	6.40	6.18	6.06	5.95
	.999	11.5	11.2	10.8	10.5	10.3	10.1	9.73	9.53	9.33
9	.50	1.01	1.02	1.03	1.04	1.05	1.05	1.07	1.07	1.08
	.90	2.42	2.38	2.34	2.30	2.28	2.25	2.21	2.18	2.16
	.95	3.14	3.07	3.01	2.94	2.90	2.86	2.79	2.75	2.71
	.975	3.96	3.87	3.77	3.67	3.61	3.56	3.45	3.39	3.33
	.99	5.26	5.11	4.96	4.81	4.73	4.65	4.48	4.40	4.31
	.995	6.42	6.23	6.03	5.83	5.73	5.62	5.41	5.30	5.19
	.999	9.89	9.57	9.24	8.90	8.72	8.55	8.19	8.00	7.81
10	.50	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.03	1.04	1.05	1.06	1.06	1.07
	.90	2.32	2.28	2.24	2.20	2.18	2.16	2.11	2.08	2.06
	.95	2.98	2.91	2.84	2.77	2.74	2.70	2.62	2.58	2.54
	.975	3.72	3.62	3.52	3.42	3.37	3.31	3.20	3.14	3.08
	.99	4.85	4.71	4.56	4.41	4.33	4.25	4.08	4.00	3.91
	.995	5.85	5.66	5.47	5.27	5.17	5.07	4.86	4.75	4.64
	.999	8.75	8.45	8.13	7.80	7.64	7.47	7.12	6.94	6.76
12	.50	0.989	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.03	1.03	1.05	1.05	1.06
	.90	2.19	2.15	2.10	2.06	2.04	2.01	1.96	1.93	1.90
	.95	2.75	2.69	2.62	2.54	2.51	2.47	2.38	2.34	2.30
	.975	3.37	3.28	3.18	3.07	3.02	2.96	2.85	2.79	2.72
	.99	4.30	4.16	4.01	3.86	3.78	3.70	3.54	3.45	3.36
	.995	5.09	4.91	4.72	4.53	4.43	4.33	4.12	4.01	3.90
	.999	7.29	7.00	6.71	6.40	6.25	6.09	5.76	5.59	5.42
15	.50	0.977	0.989	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.03	1.04	1.05
	.90	2.06	2.02	1.97	1.92	1.90	1.87	1.82	1.79	1.76
	.95	2.54	2.48	2.40	2.33	2.29	2.25	2.16	2.11	2.07
	.975	3.06	2.96	2.86	2.76	2.70	2.64	2.52	2.46	2.40
	.99	3.80	3.67	3.52	3.37	3.29	3.21	3.05	2.96	2.87
	.995	4.42	4.25	4.07	3.88	3.79	3.69	3.48	3.37	3.26
	.999	6.08	5.81	5.54	5.25	5.10	4.95	4.64	4.48	4.31
20	.50	0.966	0.977	0.989	1.00	1.01	1.01	1.02	1.03	1.03
	.90	1.94	1.89	1.84	1.79	1.77	1.74	1.68	1.64	1.61
	.95	2.35	2.28	2.20	2.12	2.08	2.04	1.95	1.90	1.84
	.975	2.77	2.68	2.57	2.46	2.41	2.35	2.22	2.16	2.09
	.99	3.37	3.23	3.09	2.94	2.86	2.78	2.61	2.52	2.42
	.995	3.85	3.68	3.50	3.32	3.22	3.12	2.92	2.81	2.69
	.999	5.08	4.82	4.56	4.29	4.15	4.00	3.70	3.54	3.38
24	.50	0.961	0.972	0.983	0.994	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.02	1.03
	.90	1.88	1.83	1.78	1.73	1.70	1.67	1.61	1.57	1.53
	.95	2.25	2.18	2.11	2.03	1.98	1.94	1.84	1.79	1.73
	.975	2.64	2.54	2.44	2.33	2.27	2.21	2.08	2.01	1.94
	.99	3.17	3.03	2.89	2.74	2.66	2.58	2.40	2.31	2.21
	.995	3.59	3.42	3.25	3.06	2.97	2.87	2.66	2.55	2.43
	.999	4.64	4.39	4.14	3.87	3.74	3.59	3.29	3.14	2.97

TABLE A.4 (*continued*) Percentiles of the *F* Distribution

Den. df	A	Numerator df 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
30	.50	0.466	0.709	0.807	0.858	0.890	0.912	0.927	0.939	0.948
	.90	2.88	2.49	2.28	2.14	2.05	1.98	1.93	1.88	1.85
	.95	4.17	3.32	2.92	2.69	2.53	2.42	2.33	2.27	2.21
	.975	5.57	4.18	3.59	3.25	3.03	2.87	2.75	2.65	2.57
	.99	7.56	5.39	4.51	4.02	3.70	3.47	3.30	3.17	3.07
	.995	9.18	6.35	5.24	4.62	4.23	3.95	3.74	3.58	3.45
	.999	13.3	8.77	7.05	6.12	5.53	5.12	4.82	4.58	4.39
60	.50	0.461	0.701	0.798	0.849	0.880	0.901	0.917	0.928	0.937
	.90	2.79	2.39	2.18	2.04	1.95	1.87	1.82	1.77	1.74
	.95	4.00	3.15	2.76	2.53	2.37	2.25	2.17	2.10	2.04
	.975	5.29	3.93	3.34	3.01	2.79	2.63	2.51	2.41	2.33
	.99	7.08	4.98	4.13	3.65	3.34	3.12	2.95	2.82	2.72
	.995	8.49	5.80	4.73	4.14	3.76	3.49	3.29	3.13	3.01
	.999	12.0	7.77	6.17	5.31	4.76	4.37	4.09	3.86	3.69
120	.50	0.458	0.697	0.793	0.844	0.875	0.896	0.912	0.923	0.932
	.90	2.75	2.35	2.13	1.99	1.90	1.82	1.77	1.72	1.68
	.95	3.92	3.07	2.68	2.45	2.29	2.18	2.09	2.02	1.96
	.975	5.15	3.80	3.23	2.89	2.67	2.52	2.39	2.30	2.22
	.99	6.85	4.79	3.95	3.48	3.17	2.96	2.79	2.66	2.56
	.995	8.18	5.54	4.50	3.92	3.55	3.28	3.09	2.93	2.81
	.999	11.4	7.32	5.78	4.95	4.42	4.04	3.77	3.55	3.38
∞	.50	0.455	0.693	0.789	0.839	0.870	0.891	0.907	0.918	0.927
	.90	2.71	2.30	2.08	1.94	1.85	1.77	1.72	1.67	1.63
	.95	3.84	3.00	2.60	2.37	2.21	2.10	2.01	1.94	1.88
	.975	5.02	3.69	3.12	2.79	2.57	2.41	2.29	2.19	2.11
	.99	6.63	4.61	3.78	3.32	3.02	2.80	2.64	2.51	2.41
	.995	7.88	5.30	4.28	3.72	3.35	3.09	2.90	2.74	2.62
	.999	10.8	6.91	5.42	4.62	4.10	3.74	3.47	3.27	3.10

TABLE A.4 (*concluded*) Percentiles of the *F* Distribution

Den. df	A	Numerator df 10	12	15	20	24	30	60	120	∞
30	.50	0.955	0.966	0.978	0.989	0.994	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.02
	.90	1.82	1.77	1.72	1.67	1.64	1.61	1.54	1.50	1.46
	.95	2.16	2.09	2.01	1.93	1.89	1.84	1.74	1.68	1.62
	.975	2.51	2.41	2.31	2.20	2.14	2.07	1.94	1.87	1.79
	.99	2.98	2.84	2.70	2.55	2.47	2.39	2.21	2.11	2.01
	.995	3.34	3.18	3.01	2.82	2.73	2.63	2.42	2.30	2.18
	.999	4.24	4.00	3.75	3.49	3.36	3.22	2.92	2.76	2.59
60	.50	0.945	0.956	0.967	0.978	0.983	0.989	1.00	1.01	1.01
	.90	1.71	1.66	1.60	1.54	1.51	1.48	1.40	1.35	1.29
	.95	1.99	1.92	1.84	1.75	1.70	1.65	1.53	1.47	1.39
	.975	2.27	2.17	2.06	1.94	1.88	1.82	1.67	1.58	1.48
	.99	2.63	2.50	2.35	2.20	2.12	2.03	1.84	1.73	1.60
	.995	2.90	2.74	2.57	2.39	2.29	2.19	1.96	1.83	1.69
	.999	3.54	3.32	3.08	2.83	2.69	2.55	2.25	2.08	1.89
120	.50	0.939	0.950	0.961	0.972	0.978	0.983	0.994	1.00	1.01
	.90	1.65	1.60	1.55	1.48	1.45	1.41	1.32	1.26	1.19
	.95	1.91	1.83	1.75	1.66	1.61	1.55	1.43	1.35	1.25
	.975	2.16	2.05	1.95	1.82	1.76	1.69	1.53	1.43	1.31
	.99	2.47	2.34	2.19	2.03	1.95	1.86	1.66	1.53	1.38
	.995	2.71	2.54	2.37	2.19	2.09	1.98	1.75	1.61	1.43
	.999	3.24	3.02	2.78	2.53	2.40	2.26	1.95	1.77	1.54
∞	.50	0.934	0.945	0.956	0.967	0.972	0.978	0.989	0.994	1.00
	.90	1.60	1.55	1.49	1.42	1.38	1.34	1.24	1.17	1.00
	.95	1.83	1.75	1.67	1.57	1.52	1.46	1.32	1.22	1.00
	.975	2.05	1.94	1.83	1.71	1.64	1.57	1.39	1.27	1.00
	.99	2.32	2.18	2.04	1.88	1.79	1.70	1.47	1.32	1.00
	.995	2.52	2.36	2.19	2.00	1.90	1.79	1.53	1.36	1.00
	.999	2.96	2.74	2.51	2.27	2.13	1.99	1.66	1.45	1.00

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