UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

FINAL EXAMINATIONS 2005

B.A.S.S. I / D.COM I

TITLE OF PAPER

INTRODUCTORY MATHEMATICS FOR BUSINESS

COURSE NUMBER

: MS 101 AND IDE MS100-1

TIME ALLOWED

THREE (3) HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

1. THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF

SEVEN QUESTIONS.

2. ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS

3. USEFUL FORMULAE ARE PROVIDED AT THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS : NONE

THIS EXAMINATION PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR.

1. Solve the following equations for the unknown variables

(a)
$$\cos^2 x + \cos x = \sin^2 x$$
 $(0^\circ \le x \le 360^\circ)$ [5 marks]

(b)
$$x^3 - 2x^2 - 13x - 10 = 0$$
 [5 marks]

(c)
$$27^{4x} = 9^{x+1}$$
 [5 marks]

(d)
$$\log_3(2x-1) = \log_3(4x-3) - \log_3 x$$
 [5 marks]

QUESTION 2

2. (a) Find the sum of the following series

$$2+5+8+\ldots +1001$$

[5 marks]

- (b) Find a fraction representation of 0.568888... [5 marks]
- (c) Find the 20th term of a geometric progression whose 2nd term is 12 and 8th term is 4. [5 marks]
- (d) The expenses of a company are E200 000 a year. It is decided that each year they shall be reduced by 5% of those for the preceding year. What will be the expenses during the fourth year, the first reduction taking place at the end of the first year? [5 marks]

3. (a) Solve the following trigonometric equation giving all solutions for x between 0^o and 360^o

$$\cos 2x + \cos x = 0$$

[5 marks]

(b) Prove the following trigonometric identities

i.
$$\frac{\sec x - \cos x}{\tan x} = \sin x$$
 [4 marks]

ii. $\csc 2x - \cot 2x = \tan x$ [4 marks]

- (c) Without using calculators, find $\cos 105^{\circ}$. [3 marks]
- (d) Given that $\sec \theta = -\frac{3}{2}$ and that θ is in the 3rd quadrant, find $\sin \theta$ and $\cos 2\theta$. [4 marks]

QUESTION 4

4. (a) Use the general formula for the rth term to find the 22nd term in the binomial expansion of [3 marks]

$$\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{25}$$

(b) Write down the first four terms of the binomial expansion of [3 marks]

$$\frac{1}{1-x}$$

(c) Find the constant term (i.e term without x) in the binomial expansion of

$$\left(x^3 + \frac{1}{2x^2}\right)^{20}$$

[7 marks]

(d) Use Mathematical Induction to prove that the following formula is valid for all positive integers.

$$\frac{1}{1.2} + \frac{1}{2.3} + \frac{1}{3.4} + \dots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)} = \frac{n}{n+1}$$

[7 marks]

- 5. (a) Assuming an inflation rate of 5% compounded annually, how long will it take for prices to double? [5 marks]
 - (b) Sphiwe wants to open a Saloon. How much must she deposit now at 8% interest compounded quarterly to have E20 000 at the end of 4 years.
 [5 marks]
 - (c) Find the interest rate needed for E6 000 to grow to E8 000 in 3 years if the interest is compounded monthly. [5 marks]
 - (d) How long will it take for E7200 to grow to E39 600 at an interest rate of 4.5% if the interest is compounded continuously?

[5 marks]

QUESTION 6

6. (a) Find x, y, z and p [5 marks]

$$\begin{pmatrix} x & 3 \\ -2 & 2x \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -y \\ z & p \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

(b) Calculate A^TB if the matrices A and B are given by [5 marks]

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 \end{pmatrix} , B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -1 & 4 \\ 2 & 6 \\ 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

(c) Solve the following system of equations using Cramer's rule. [10 marks]

$$2x + 3y + z = 2$$

$$-x + 2y + 3z = -1$$

$$-3x - 3y + z = 0$$

- 7. (a) Find the equation of a circle passing through the point (-2,-4) and with centre located at (2,-7). [4 marks]
 - (b) Find the centre and radius of a circle whose equation is

$$x^2 + y^2 + 3x - 5y - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

[4 marks]

- (c) Find the equation for the line with slope of -2 which passes through the intersection of -3y + x = 4 and 5y + 3 = -2x [4 marks]
- (d) Evaluate the complex number $\sqrt{8-6i}$ and express your answer in the form a+ib where both a and b are real number. [4 marks]
- (e) Express the complex number $-1 \sqrt{3}i$ in mod-arg form. [4 marks]

END OF EXAMINATION

Useful Formulas

The general rth term of a Binomial expansion of

$$(a+b)^n$$

is given by

$$C(n, r-1)a^{n-r+1}b^{r-1}$$

$$1. \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

2.
$$sin(A + B) = sin A cos B + cos A sin B$$

3.
$$sin(A - B) = sin A cos B - cos A sin B$$

$$4. \cos(A+B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

5.
$$cos(A - B) = cos A cos B + sin A sin B$$

6.
$$2\cos A\cos B = \cos(A+B) + \cos(A-B)$$

7.
$$\sin 2A = 2 \sin A \cos A$$

$$8. \cos 2A = \cos^2 A - \sin^2 A$$

9.
$$\cos 2A = 2\cos^2 A - 1$$

10.
$$\cos 2A = 1 - 2\sin^2 A$$

Degrees	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°
$\sin heta$	0	1/2	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1
$\cos heta$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0
an heta	0	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	1	$\sqrt{3}$	