## UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

## FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCE

#### DEPARTMENT OF LAW

# FINAL EXAMINATION, MAY 2006

TITLE OF PAPER:

LEGAL SYSTEMS AND METHODS

COURSE CODE :

L 101

TIME ALLOWED:

THREE (3) HOURS

**INSTRUCTIONS**:

1. THE PAPER CONSISTS OF SIX QUESTIONS.

2. ANSWER ANY FOUR (COMPLETE) QUESTIONS.

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#### **QUESTION 1**

(a) Referring closely to <u>Donoghue v Stevenson</u>, explain and critically discuss the process of discerning the <u>ratio decidendi</u> from a case.

[20 marks]

(b) What is an obiter dictum?

[5 marks]

#### **QUESTION 2**

Critically discuss the law and practice appertaining to independence of the Judiciary and the Bar in Swaziland. [25 marks]

#### **QUESTION 3**

"Legal dualism in Swaziland reflects a successful attempt to merge two different systems of law".

Do you agree? Explain.

[25 marks]

#### **QUESTION 4**

(a) As you preside over a court hearing, one advocate quotes an article from the South African Law Journal by Professor P.M.A. Hunt in support of a point of Law in Criminal Law. What would be your legal response? Explain.

[5 marks]

- (b) How, if at all, would your response differ if the said advocate quoted from a case in a well-known South African casebook? [5 marks]
- (c) At a hearing over which you are the presiding officer, the prosecution cites Schreiner P, in <u>Annah L Mathenjwa v R</u>, 1970-76 SLR 25, at 29, to support the position that the doctrine of <u>versari in re illicita</u> is generally applicable in Swaziland.

Counsel for the defence, on the other hand, cites the case of <u>S v Bernadus</u>, 1965 (3) SA 287(A), to argue that the <u>versari</u> doctrine is no longer law in South Africa; and, that, consequently, it (<u>versari</u>) is no longer applicable in Swaziland.

Spell out in detail, and with reasons, what your ruling over the matter would be. Do not forget to refer to all relevant authorities. [15 marks]

# **QUESTION 5**

(a) Briefly highlight the content of the Pleadings stage in civil proceedings.

[10 marks]

- (b) Indicate two major functions that this (pleadings) stage serves in civil proceedings. [5 marks]
- (c) Briefly distinguish between an appeal and a review.

[5 marks]

(d) What is meant by a <u>prima facie</u> case in a criminal trial.

[5 marks]

# **QUESTION 6**

- (a) The Law Society of Swaziland is an integral regulatory organ of the legal profession. Discuss this statement making reference to relevant provisions of the Legal Practitioners Act, 1964, as amended. [15 marks]
- (b) Distinguish between <u>Civil</u> and <u>Criminal</u> trials.

[10 marks]