

UNIVERSITY OF ESWATINI

FIRST SEMESTER RE-SIT/ SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION PAPER, JANUARY 2020

FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS

COURSE CODE: ECO303/ECON306

TITLE OF PAPER: DEVELOPMENT THEORY

TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

Instructions

This paper consists of Section (A) and (B).

- 1. Section A is compulsory.
- 2. Answer any two questions from Section B.

Special Requirements

Scientific calculator

Additional Material (s)

None

Candidates may complete the front cover of their answer book when instructed by the Chief Invigilator and sign their examination attendance cards but must **NOT** write anything else until the start of the examination period is announced.

No electronic devices capable of storing and retrieving text, including electronic dictionaries and any form of foreign material may be used while in the examination room.

DO NOT turn examination paper over until instructed to do so.

SECTION A

Question 1 Compulsory (total 40 marks)

a) Differentiate between economic growth and economic development.

[10 marks]

- b) Critically examine the role of institutions in providing a framework for economic growth in the developing countries. [15 marks]
- c) Describe the drawbacks of the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and the key motivation for the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

[15 marks]

SECTION B

Answer any two questions from the following: (30 marks each)

Question 2

a) Explain fully why the Neoclassical suggests that without technological progress continuous growth of per capita income is not possible.

[20 marks]

b) Explain why the Neoclassical Counter Revolution model is sometimes known as the 'Free-market' counterrevolution.

[10 marks]

Question 3

- a) 'The role of knowledge creation, and the way it plays out in driving economic growth in the developing countries cannot be ignored'. True or false? Explain fully your reasoning. [20 marks]
- b) Critically examine two challenges facing knowledge creation in Eswatini. [10 marks]

Question 4

- a) Explain fully how the 'International Dependence' arguments fit into present economic and social development of Eswatini. [20 marks]
- b) How important is 'co-ordination and organisational progress' for economic development? [10 marks]