UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS

MAIN EXAMINATION MAY 2011

TITLE OF PAPER: MONETARY ECONOMICS

COURSE CODE: ECON 401

TIME ALLOWED: THREE (3) HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS: 1. ANSWER QUESTION ONE AND ANY OTHER QUESTION IN SECTION A.

- 2. ANSWER QUESTION **FOUR** AND ANY OTHER QUESTION IN SECTION B
 - 3. START EACH QUESTION ON A NEW PAGE.

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SECTION A

QUESTION 1 (COMPULSORY) TOTAL MARKS (30)

- a) Discuss the six goals of monetary policy. Indicate the importance of each of these goals in your discussion. (18 marks).
- b) Monetary authorities face challenges as they pursue the goals alluded to in part a) above. Do you agree? Explain using examples. (8 marks).
- c) Monetary economics is related to both macroeconomics and microeconomics. Explain. (4 marks)

Question 2

- a) Outline the four main players in the money supply process. (4 marks)
- b) Suppose you are given the following information: monetary base (B) is Cp +Cb+Db and the broad money supply (M) is Cp +Dp.
- (i) Define each of these variables (3 marks)
- (ii) State the ratio of money supply to the monetary base. Note that Cb+Db=R. (3 marks).
- (iii) Define and state the cash ratio and reserve ratio. (4 marks)
- c) Using the information in parts a) and c) above to show that M=Bm, where m is the money supply multiplier. (6 marks)

Question 3

- a) Discuss Friedman's quantity theory of money. State the equation and define all the variables. Highlight how this theory differs from that of Keynes. (15 marks)
- b) Outline the three main tools of monetary policy. (5 marks)

Section B

Question 4 (COMPULSORY) TOTAL 30 MARKS

- a) List any four monetary-policy regimes. Outline the pros and cons of inflation targeting.(10 marks).
- b) Delineate any **two** essential features of an OCA. Is the CMA an OCA? Explain your answer.(5 marks)
- c) Highlighting the origins of the 2007 global financial crisis, discuss how the crisis has affected developing economies, particularly in Africa. Use of appropriate terminology is essential. (10 marks).
- d) Summarize the main features of the CMA in Southern Africa. (5 marks)

Question 5

- a) Theoretically there is a positive link between financial development and economic growth. Briefly explain this link. Does the empirical evidence support this view? Discuss.
- b) The financial sector in most developing countries is divided into two sectors. Explain. (5 marks)
- c) Elucidate how the informal financial sector impacts the conduct of monetary policy in a country. Use the Swaziland case in your answer. (5 marks)

Question 6

- a) Discuss three main causes of financial instability. (10 marks)
- b) Describe the role of international organizations and monetary policy in the maintenance of financial stability. (10 marks)