University of Eswatini



SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION, 2018/2019

B.Ed (Pri.), (Sec.) II; B.Sc II

Title of Paper

: Mathematics for Scientists

Course Number

: MAT215

Time Allowed

: Three (3) Hours

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of SIX (6) questions in TWO sections.
- 2. Section A is COMPULSORY and is worth 40%. Answer ALL questions in this section.
- 3. Section B consists of FIVE questions, each worth 20%. Answer ANY THREE (3) questions in this section.
- 4. Show all your working.
- 5. Start each new major question (A1, B2 B6) on a new page and clearly indicate the question number at the top of the page.
- 6. You can answer questions in any order.
- 7. Indicate your program next to your student ID.

Special Requirements: NONE

THIS EXAMINATION PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GIVEN BY THE INVIGILATOR.

SECTION A [40 Marks]: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

QUESTION A1 [40 Marks]

A1 (a) Find distance between the points X(2, -4, 3) and Y(-2, -4, 0). [3 marks]

(b) Find the centre and radius of the circle

$$x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 8y = 0.$$

[4 marks]

(c) If $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$ and $\vec{b} = 4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - \hat{k}$, find $\vec{a} \times \vec{b}$. [3 marks]

(d) If $\begin{vmatrix} x & 3 \\ 2 & 7 \end{vmatrix} = 15$, find the value of x. [3 marks]

(e) If $X = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, find X^{-1} . [4 marks]

(f) State Rolle's Theorem. [2 marks]

(g) Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{x^2-1}{x-1}$. [3 marks]

(h) Find the turning point(s) of $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2$. [4 marks]

(i) State two properties of triple integral over a region D. [4 marks]

(j) Classify each of the following differential equations by stating the order and degree.

i. $(y'')^2 + y' = \sin x$,

ii. $y''' + 4x(y')^2 = yy'' + e^y$,

iii. $[y'' + (y')^2]^4 = k^2(y''')^2$. [2,2,2 marks]

(k) Solve y'' - 5y' + 6y = 0. [4 marks]

SECTION B: ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

QUESTION B2 [20 Marks]

B2 (a) If

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix},$$

find |A|.

[4 marks]

(b) Solve the system of linear equation

$$\begin{aligned}
x + 2y &= 7 \\
2x + y &= 8.
\end{aligned}$$

- i. by Cramer's rule,
- ii. by Gauss-Jordan elimination method.

[8,8 marks]

QUESTION B3 [20 Marks]

B3 (a) Determine whether the function $f(x) = x^3 + x - 4$ satisfies the hypotheses of the Mean Valued Theorem on the interval [-1,2] and if so, find all c in (-1,2) such that f(2) - f(-1) = 3f'(c). [6 marks]

(b) Apply L'Hôpital rule to evaluate $\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{\sin \pi x}{x^2-1}$. [4 marks]

(c) Find the first four terms of the Taylor series expansion of $\cos x$ about x = 0. [4 marks] Use this series to approximate to four decimal places $\cos 2$. [6 marks]

QUESTION B4 [20 Marks]

B4 (a) If $f(x,y) = 2x^4y^3 - xy^2 + 3y + 1$. Find i. $f_x(2,1)$,

ii. $f_y(2,1)$, [5,5 marks]

(b) If $w = f(x, y) = x^2 + y$, find Δw and dw when x = 5, y = 4 for dx = 1, dy = 2. [10 marks]

QUESTION B5 [20 Marks]

B5 (a) Find the minimum point of $f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 + (4 - 2x - 2y)^2$. [13 marks]

(b) Apply Lagrange's method to obtain the maximum value of the function f(x, y) = xy, if x, y satisfy x + y = 1. [7 marks]

QUESTION B6 [20 Marks]

B6 (a) Evaluate $\iint_R (1+8xy)dA$, where R is the rectangle $0 \le x \le 3$, $1 \le y \le 2$. [10 marks]

(b) Solve the differential equation $(y^2 + y)dx + xdy = 0$, [10 marks]

END OF EXAMINATION