University of Swaziland



Supplementary Examination, 2009/2010

BSc II, Bass II, BEd II

Title of Paper : Ordinary Differential Equations

Course Number : M213

Time Allowed : Three (3) hours

Instructions

1. This paper consists of SEVEN questions.

2. Each question is worth 20%.

3. Answer ANY FIVE questions.

4. Show all your working.

THIS PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GIVEN BY THE INVIGILATOR.

Question 1

Find the general solution of each differential equation.

(a)
$$y'' - 5y' - 36y = 0$$
 [5]

(b)
$$xdx - e^{x-y}dy = 0$$
, $y(0) = \ln 2$ [10]

(c)
$$(y'')(y') = \frac{1}{2}$$
. [5]

Question 2

Use the method of Frobenius to find the series solution of

$$4xy'' + 2y' + y = 0$$

about
$$x = 0$$
. [20]

Question 3

(a) Find the inverse Laplace transform of

$$F(s) = \frac{4s+3}{s(s+2)^2}.$$
 [10]

$$dy = (x - 2y)dx. [10]$$

Question 4

Solve for y(x):

(a)
$$y'' + 8y' + 16y = 0$$
 [5]

(b)
$$y''' - y'' - 6y' = 6$$
 [5]

(c)
$$y'' - 9y = 3e^{9x}$$
, $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = -1$. [10]

Question 5

(a) Use Laplace transforms to solve the initial-value problem

$$\ddot{y} + 4\dot{y} + 4y = 0$$
, $y(0) = 1$, $\dot{y}(0) = 1$. [10]

(b) Consider the Bernoulli's differential equation

$$y' + yp(x) = y^n q(x).$$

Show that the substitution $v(x) = [y(x)]^{1-n}$ transforms Bernoulli's equation into a linear equation. [10]

Question 6

Solve

(a)
$$(x-2y+3)dx - (4y-2x+3)dy = 0$$
 [10]

(b)
$$x(1 - \ln x + \ln y) dy - y dx = 0, y(1) = 1$$
 [10]

Question 7

(a) Find the general solution of

$$\ddot{y} + y = \sec t. \tag{12}$$

(b) Consider the following statement about first order ODEs. $All\ separable\ equations\ are\ exact.$

Is the statement true or false? Discuss.

[8]

Table of Laplace Transforms

$$f(t) \qquad t^{n} \qquad \frac{n}{s^{n+1}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{t}} \qquad \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{s}}$$

$$e^{at} \qquad \frac{1}{s-a}$$

$$t^{n}e^{at} \qquad \frac{n}{(s-a)^{n+1}}$$

$$\frac{1}{a-b}\left(e^{at}-e^{bt}\right) \qquad \frac{1}{(s-a)(s-b)}$$

$$\frac{1}{a-b}\left(ae^{at}-be^{bt}\right) \qquad \frac{s}{(s-a)(s-b)}$$

$$\sin(at) \qquad \frac{a}{s^{2}+a^{2}}$$

$$\cos(at) \qquad \frac{s}{s^{2}+a^{2}}$$

$$\sin(at) - at\cos(at) \qquad \frac{2a^{3}}{(s^{2}+a^{2})^{2}}$$

$$e^{at}\sin(bt) \qquad \frac{b}{(s-a)^{2}+b^{2}}$$

$$\sin(at) \qquad \frac{a}{s^{2}-a^{2}}$$

$$\sinh(at) \qquad \frac{a}{s^{2}-a^{2}}$$

$$\sinh(at) \qquad \frac{a}{s^{2}-a^{2}}$$

$$\sinh(at) \qquad \frac{a}{s^{2}-a^{2}}$$

$$\sinh(at) & \frac{2a^{2}}{s^{4}+4a^{4}}$$

$$\frac{d^{n}f}{dt^{n}}(t) \qquad s^{n}F(s) - s^{n-1}f(0) - \cdots - f^{(n-1)}(0)$$