# UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

# SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION 2009/2010

BSc. /BEd. /BEng. /B.A.S.S II

TITLE OF PAPER

: CALCULUS I

COURSE NUMBER : M 211

TIME ALLOWED

: THREE (3) HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

: 1. THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF

SEVEN QUESTIONS.

2. ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS : NONE

THIS EXAMINATION PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR.

### QUESTION 1

1. (a) State the Mean Value theorem.

[2 marks]

(b) For what values of a and b does the function

$$f(x) := \begin{cases} ax + b, & \text{if } x < 0 \\ e^x, & \text{if } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

satisfy the hypothesis of the Mean Value theorem?

[5 marks]

(c) Sketch the graph of the function

$$f(x) = x^4 + 2x^3$$

Indicate all intercepts, extrema, points of inflection and asymptotes where possible. [13 marks]

## QUESTION 2

- 2. (a) Evaluate the following limits clearly showing your steps.
  - (i)  $\lim_{x\to 0^+}(x\,\ln x)$

[6 marks]

(ii)  $\lim_{x \to 0} (x + e^x)^{\frac{1}{x}}$ 

[7 marks]

- (b) Show that the function  $f(x) = (x-1)e^x$  is increasing for x > 0. [4 marks]
- (c) Suppose that f is differentiable on an interval I and suppose that  $-2 \le f'(x) \le 2$  for all points x in I. Then, use the Mean Value theorem to show that

$$|f(x_1) - f(x_2)| \le 2|x_1 - x_2|$$

whenever both  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  are in I.

[3 marks]

# QUESTION 3

3. (a) Consider the function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$
 on the closed interval  $[-2, 1]$ 

- (i) Identify local extreme values of f stating where they occur. [7 marks]
- (ii) Determine the global extreme values of f.
- (b) Find the area of the region in the first quadrant that is bounded by the x-axis and the curves  $y = x^2$  and  $y = 1 x^2$ .

Include a sketch of the region in your answer.

[10 marks]

[3 marks]

### **QUESTION 4**

- 4. (a) The region bounded by x + y = 5 and xy = 4 is revolved about the x-axis to generate a solid. Find the volume of the solid. [10 marks]
  - (b) The region in the first quadrant bounded by  $y = 4 x^2$  and the x and y axes is revolved about the y-axis to generate a solid. Find the volume of the solid. [10 marks]

### **QUESTION 5**

5. (a) Determine the arc length of the curve that is represented parametrically by

$$x = 1 - \cos t$$
,  $y = t - \sin t$ , for  $0 \le t \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ 

[10 marks]

(b) Find the arc length of the curve

$$y^2 = x^3$$
 from  $(x, y) = (0, 0)$  to  $(1, 1)$ 

[10 marks]

## QUESTION 6

6. (a) Find the limit of the sequence

$$a_n = \left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)^n$$

[6 marks]

(b) (i) State the Non-increasing Sequence theorem.

[2 marks]

(ii) Consider the sequence  $\{a_n\}$  with

$$a_n := \frac{n+1}{n}$$

A. Show that  $\{a_n\}$  is non-increasing.

[4 marks]

B. Prove that  $\{a_n\}$  is bounded from below.

[4 marks]

C. Deduce that  $\{a_n\}$  is convergent clearly stating any theorem

[2 marks]

D. Hence evaluate  $\lim_{n\to\infty} a_n$ .

[2 marks]

### QUESTION 7

7. For each of the following series, use any appropriate test to check for convergence or divergence. State any test used.

(a) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{10^n}$$

[6 marks]

(b) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1 + \ln n}$$

[8 marks]

(c) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{e^n}$$

[6 marks]