# UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

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## Supplementary Examination 2005

Title of Paper :

Abstract Algebra I

**Program** 

BSc./B.Ed./B.A.S.S. III

Course Number : M 323

Time Allowed

Three (3) Hours

Instructions

1. This paper consists of SEVEN questions on FOUR pages.

2. Answer any five (5) questions.

3. Non-programmable calculators may be used.

Special Requirements:

None

THIS EXAMINATION PAPER MAY NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION TO DO SO IS GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR.

(a) Determine whether the set Q with respect to the binary operation

$$a * b = a + b - 2005$$

is a group.

[8 marks]

- (b) (i) Give the definition of a cyclic group.
  - (ii) Prove that every finite group of prime order is cyclic.

[8 marks]

(c) Let  $a, b, c, d, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Prove that if  $a \equiv b \pmod{n}$  and  $c \equiv d \pmod{n}$ , then

$$ac \equiv bd \pmod{n}$$
.

[4 marks]

#### Question 2

- (a) Give an example of a group satisfying the given conditions, or if there no example, say so. (Do not prove anything)
  - (i) An abelian group
  - (ii) A non abelian group
  - (iii) A finite cyclic group
  - (iv) A non-abelian cyclic group
  - (v) A group with no proper subgroups.

[10 marks]

(b) Let G be a group with identity e. Show that if  $a^2 = e \ \forall \ a \in G$ , then G is abelian.

[10 marks]

(a) Let

Express  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  as products of disjoint cycles, and then as products of transpositions. For each of them, say whether it is an even or an odd one.

[12 marks]

(b) Compute (i)  $\alpha^{-1}$  (ii)  $(\alpha\beta)^{-1}$ .

[4 marks]

- (c) Solve the equations for x and y
  - (i)  $\alpha x = \beta$
  - (ii)  $y\alpha = \beta$

[4 marks]

## Question 4

- (a) Find the number of elements in each of the cyclic groups
  - (i) The cyclic subgroup (25) of  $\mathbb{Z}_{30}$ .
  - (ii) The cyclic subgroup  $\langle 30 \rangle$  of  $\mathbb{Z}_{42}$ .

[4 marks]

(b) Prove that every cyclic group is abelian.

[8 marks]

(c) Let n be a positive integer greater than 1, and let  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,

$$aRb \iff a \equiv b \pmod{n}$$

Prove that R is an equivalence relation on  $\mathbb{Z}$ .

[8 marks]

(a) Give the definition of a group.

[4 marks]

(b) Determine whether the set  $G = \mathbb{Q} \setminus \{-1\}$  with respect to the binary operation

$$a * b = a + b + ab$$

is a group.

[10 marks]

(c) Show that  $\mathbb{Z}$  and  $5\mathbb{Z}$  are isomorphic and that  $\mathbb{Z}_7$  and  $S_3$  are NOT isomorphic. [6 marks]

#### Question 6

- (a) Let  $\varphi:G\to H$  be an isomorphism of groups.
  - (i) Prove that if  $e_G$  and  $e_H$  are identity elements of G and H respectively, then

$$e_H = (e_G)\varphi$$
.

(ii) Prove that,  $\forall \ a \in G, \quad [(a)\varphi]^{-1} = (a^{-1})\varphi.$ 

[10 marks]

(b) State Lagrange's theorem. [Do not prove]

[4 marks]

(c) Use the theorem in (b) to prove that a finite group of prime order has no proper subgroup.

[6 marks]

(a) Prove that every subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic.

[8 marks]

(b) Find the greatest common divisor d of the number 204 and 54 and express it in the form

d = 204m + 54n for some  $m, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ .

[6 marks]

- (c) Find solutions of
  - (i)  $259x \equiv 1 \pmod{11}$
  - (ii)  $222x \equiv 12 \pmod{18}$

[6 marks]

\*\*\*\*\*\* END OF EXAMINATION \*\*\*\*\*\*