COURSE CODE: B203 (M) 2010/2011 Page 1 of 2

UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

FINAL EXAMINATION PAPER: DECEMBER 2010

TITLE OF PAPER:

BIOCHEMISTRY & CELL BIOLOGY

COURSE CODE:

B203

TIME ALLOWED:

THREE HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS: 1.

ANSWER ANY FOUR QUESTIONS.

2. EACH QUESTION CARRIES TWENTY FIVE (25)

MARKS

3. ILLUSTRATE YOUR ANSWERS WITH LARGE AND

CLEARLY LABELLED DIAGRAMS WHERE

APPROPRIATE

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS:

NONE

THIS PAPER SHOULD NOT BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATORS

[PLEASE TURN OVER]

COURSE CODE: B203 (M) 2010/2011 Page 2 of 2

Question 1

(a) What are glycans?

(5 marks)

(b) Using examples, write explanatory notes on the following carbohydrates:

(i) simple,

(4 marks) (4 marks)

(ii) storage, (iii) structural.

(4 marks)

(c) With reference to disaccharides, explain the difference between reducing and non-reducing sugars. (8 marks)

[TOTAL MARKS = 25]

Question 2

(a) Name the most common chemical component of hydrolysable lipids and briefly describe its structure, properties and functions in biological systems.

(15 marks)

(c) Explain the significance of acetyl co-enzyme A in metabolism. (10 marks)

[TOTAL MARKS = 25]

Question 3

- (a) Using examples, distinguish between conjugated, fibrous and globular proteins. (9 marks)
- (b) With reference to proteins, explain the term "conformation" and briefly describe the various levels of protein structure. (16 marks)

[TOTAL MARKS = 25]

Question 4

- (a) Name the various classes of enzyme and briefly explain the function of each in biochemical reactions. (12 marks)
- (b) What are enzyme inhibitors? Explain how a nerve gas and penicillin inhibit the action of enzymes. (13 marks)

 [TOTAL MARKS = 25]

Question 5

- (a) What are the starting materials and products of glycolysis? Briefly explain the fate of the products in metabolism. (13 marks)
- (b) Explain how the Krebs cycle generates CO₂, ATP, NADH and FADH₂.

(12 marks)

[TOTAL MARKS = 25]

Question 6

Write concise notes on any two of the following:

(a) Nucleic acids and protein synthesis,

(12½ marks)

(b) Dark reactions of photosynthesis,

(12½ marks) (12½ marks)

(c) Gluconeogenesis.

[TOTAL MARKS = 25]

END OF QUESTION PAPER