UNIVERSITY OF ESWATINI

INSTITUTE OF DISTANCE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE FIRST SEMESTER FINAL EXAMINATION DECEMBER, 2019

COURSE CODE: IDE-ENG 405

COURSE TITLE: COMPARATIVE LITERATURE

TIME ALLOWED: TWO HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Answer TWO questions, ONE from each section.

2. Make sure you proof read your work to eliminate grammatical and other errors which may lead to loss of marks.

3. This paper is 7 pages long, cover page included.

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SECTION A: POETRY

Question 1

Apparently, disillusionment with the new South Africa runs through the three poems below. Discuss how each poet outlines this theme. Your discussion should also take into account each poet's point of view and peculiar diction. [30]

"There Will Be Signs" Mzi Mahola

My fat-necked potbellied brothers
Glide in cars of the future
Marry mechanical women
With names like Computer and Jacuzzi.
They melt behind iron curtains
In dream houses with swimming pools,
The envy of white folk.
They speak a language
Which is the heart of domination
And send their children
To the best institutions
To lift them above the lot.
And I say
Soar high, brothers;
Isn't this what we fought for?

They offer us tribal bones
Brushing their words with honey
Prescribing us the past
From which they flee.
Is it right
That we should adopt
Ways of lizards
And not also learn to fly?
Is it right that we should backtrack
While the world around is changing?
They say,
Go back to your roots and stay there!

Father said that When the snarl of caressing dawn comes There will be signs.

"Beginning" Donald Parenzee

This beginning was subtle as a fingertip. So many messages being tapped on the summer's skin and barely a hand lifted.

Still the bodies on the beaches, browning in the peacetime, loving and budding. Time shying away with every wave of killings in Natal. On Sunday mornings the radio anaylsts braved the week ahead.

We weren't starving, really
There were peaches for breakfast
and the tree in the library
with its leaves shimmering on the inside
of Gramsci, De Bono and various
science fiction writers.

A strong touch of anger At Codesa 2*, the logic of the diagram impressive, nonetheless. Perhaps there's a poem there?

*Conference for a Democratic South Africa

We're walking fast, downhill,
Feet turned sideways, slipping feet;
arms ballet against the pines;
making love instead of lunch,
watching Beyond the year 2000. **[Australian Television Program, dealing with the technologies of the new millennium]

But now the killings come: a family strolls with rifles on their hips; the young girl dreaming at the landscape in learning to play with guns.

"Why?" Bongekile Mbanjwa

I had enough of digging.
I searched, and was tired.
I asked and asked again,
But no one gave me the answer.
Why?

The cow's teat is full of milk

But there is no bucket,
So where are we going to store it?
Let it not turn to curds
Before the young generation can eat and finish up!
Milk-pail, where can we find you?
Milk-pail, how do we find you?
Milk-pail, who can find you?
Whose children will enjoy you?
If things go on like this
We shall be left sucking our thumbs.

Day and night wasps are buzzing.

I take pen and paper and write.

I write again and again

But curds end up in my fingers

Because I do not have the milk calabash.

Who can find it?

I thought about discriminating according to race But disagreed.
We have our heroes who have the milk pail Where we can guzzle.

Why don't they open the gate for us to enter?
Why are they not breaking these chains?
What are we going to leave for the generations to come?
I will not stop asking:
Why?

Question 2

Read the two poems below and answer the questions that follow them:

"Nikki-Rosa" Nikki Giovanni

childhood remembrances are always a drag
if you're Black
you always remember things like living in Woodlawn
with no inside toilet
and if you become famous or something
they never talk about how happy you were to have your
mother
all to yourself and
how good the water felt when you got your bath from one
of those

big tubs that folk in Chicago barbecue in and somehow when you talk about home it never gets across how much you understood their feelings as the whole family attended meetings about Hollydale and even though you remember your biographers never understand your father's pain as he sells his stock and another dream goes and though you're poor it isn't poverty that concerns you and though they fought a lot it isn't your father's drinking that makes any difference but only that everybody is together and you and your sister have happy birthdays and very good christmasses and really hope no white person ever has cause to write about me because they never understand Black love is Black wealth and they'll talk probably talk about my hard childhood and never understand that all the while I was quite happy

"Diary of a Bronzeville Boy" Eugene Perkins

As a small boy
I wandered through the jungle of Bronzeville
Carrying a jagged knife to conquer my enemies.
I was a soldier before puberty.

To be born in Bronzeville Was to be born without justice

At twelve, I knew the violence of manhood And the excitement of sleeping with women. Once I jackrolled a crippled old man Who sold pencils near the corner drugstore.

My father died when I was fifteen
Shot down by a cop's blinded emotions.
Mother became a whore and I sold newspapers.
We were on relief and the precinct captain
Gave food baskets on Jesus' birthday.
I never did see a black Santa Claus

School was a bore I couldn't understand what made Hamlet mad Or why George Washington told the truth When he chopped down that damn cherry tree.

War came

Pearl Harbor was attacked during holy communion I had thought all people respected God. In Europe, Jews being persecuted While Bronzeville was promised a new deal. I became a soldier again

In battle I learned how to live I already knew how to die

War ended

The third Reich had collapsed at Normandy Hiroshima swallowed by a burning monster. I never learned why the Jews were persecuted I journeyed home to Bronzoville, with a lousy Medal to compensate for the American dream But I was betrayed.

The hatred didn't die in Germany America still had segregated cemeteries. (I finally learned why Jews were persecuted)

Instead of guns there were signs
Instead of a bomb there hung a rope

But for justice For a Bronzeville boy.

- a) Give a brief summary of the situation presented by each poet. [10]
- b) Comparatively discuss the black experience advanced in the two poems. [12]
- c) Cite and discuss any obvious aspects of form in the two poems. [8]

SECTION B: PROSE AND DRAMA

Question 3

- a) Focusing on Dingamanzi in Niq Mhlongo's <u>Dog Eat Dog</u>, and Walter in Lorraine Hansberry's <u>A Raisin in the Sun</u>, discuss how these two authors depict the disfranchisement of black people. [20]
- b) How do each of these characters respond to their disfranchisement? [10]

Question 4

Comparatively discuss how Niq Mhlongo in <u>Dog Eat Dog</u> and Lorraine Hansberry in <u>A Raisin in the Sun</u>, have through their respective portrayal of Walter and Dingamanzi, advanced the theme of male maturation in an oppressive society. [30]