UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCES

GENERAL NURSING DEPARTMENT

FINAL EXAMINATION: DECEMBER, 2017

COURSE TITLE;

HUMAN ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY 1

COURSE CODE:

GNS 115

TIME ALLOCATED:

TWO (2) HOURS

MARKS ALLOCATED:

75

TOTAL NO. OF PAGES:

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. THERE ARE TWO SECTIONS IN THIS PAPER.
 - i) SECTION 1 A. MULTIPLE CHOICES
 - B. MATCHING
 - C. FILLING IN THE BLANK SPACES
 - ii) SECTION 2 IS SHORT ANSWERS AND ESSAYS
- 2. PLEASE ANSWER ALL SECTIONS
 - i) SECTION I CARRIES 35 MARKS

ii) SECTION II CARRIES 40 MARKS

- 3. USE THE PROVIDED ANSWER SHEET FOR ALL YOUR ANSWERS
- 4. DO NOT OPEN YOUR QUESTION PAPER UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY INVIGILATOR.

SECTION 1

A. MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS:-

(18 MARKS)

Please choose the most appropriate response and write it in the answer book. e.g. 1 = C

- 1. Which of the following cells are responsible for remodelling?
 - A. Chondrocytes and osteocytes
 - B. Osteoblast and osteocytes
 - C. Osteoblast and chondroblast
 - D. Osteoblast and osteoclast
- 2. Which of the following fractures refer to an incomplete fracture where by the two ends are not separated?
 - A. Compound
 - B. Simple
 - C. Greenstick
 - D. Complicated
- 3. The anatomical name for the shaft of long bones is...
 - A. Epiphysis
 - B. Diaphysis
 - C. Compact bone
 - D. Periosteum
- 4. Which bone disorder result's in porous bones?
 - A. Osteomalacia
 - B. Osteoporosis
 - C. Fracture
 - D. Both A and B
- 5. Skin colour is determined by..
 - A. Pigments
 - B. Level of oxygenated blood
 - C. Fluid level in blood
 - D. Both A and B

- 6. The erector pili muscle is associated with ...
 - A. Each sweat gland
 - B. Enabling each hair to be stretched when wet.
 - C. Causing hair to stand up straight.
 - D. Producing new cells for hair growth
- 7. The rule of nine helps Anatomists to.....
 - A. Measure the depth of burns.
 - B. Diagnose cancer.
 - C. Detect extent of infection
 - D. Measure extent of burns.
- 8. Which of the following response refer to glands that produce milk, bile and sweat?
 - A. Mammary glands
 - B. Swear glands
 - C. Exocrine glands
 - D. Endocrine glands
- 9. Which membrane line cavities that open to the exterior of the human body?
 - A. Mucous membrane
 - B. Serous membrane
 - C. Cutaneous membrane
 - D. Endothelium membrane
 - 10. Which of the following tissue lines the urinary bladder?
 - A. Simple squamous
 - B. Stratified columnar
 - C. Transitional epithelium
 - D. Stratified squamous

11. The following are functions of the connective tissue except . A, Support
B. Form boundaries
C. Protect
D. Bind tissues together
12. The physiology of epithelial tissue is
A. Secretion
B. Support
C. Contract
D. Communication
13. Which solution will result in cells losing water to their environment?
A. Hypotonic
B. Isotonic
C. Catatonic
D. Hypertonic
14. The smallest functional unit in the human body is the
A. Organ
B. Tissue
C. System
D. Cell
15. Which is the most efficient organ system in maintaining body homeostasis?
A. Endocrine system
B. Cardiac system
C. Nervous system
D. Circulatory system

16. Which is the largest pelvic bone?

A. Acetabulum

B. IschiumC. IliumD. Pubic

- 17. The following are functions of bones except.
 - A. Protection
 - B. Blood cell formation
 - C. Stores sodium
 - D. Movement
- 18. Long bone grows in length through...
 - A. Appositional growth
 - B. Interstitial growth
 - C. Both A and B
 - D. None of the above

SECTION 1 B

MATCHING

(TOTAL MARKS 10)

Choose the most appropriate alphabet in column B to describe the statement in column A and write the correct response in your answer book. e.g. 1 = D

COLUMN A	COLUMN B
Avascular and innervated	A. Nervous
	tissue
2. Zero regenerative capacity	B. Connective
	tissue
3.Striated and voluntary	C. Epithelial
	tissue
4.Ground substances and cells	D. Muscular
	tissue
5. Forms blood	
6. Most abundant in the human body	
7. Made by organs of the posterior cavities	
8. Named according to number of layers	
9.Forms cartilages	
10 Forms adipose tissue	

SECTION 2 SHORT ANSWER AND ESSAYS

(TOTAL MARKS 40)

QUESTION 1

(10 MARKS)

- 1 Define the following anatomical terms.
- 1.1 Sagittal plane
- 1.2 Coronary plane
- 1.3 Histology
- 1.4 Cytology
- 1.5 Pericardial membrane
- 1.6 Parietal pleurae
- 1.7 Plasma membrane
- 1.8 Glycocalyx
- 1.9 Comminuted fracture
- 1.10 Depressed fracture

QUESTION 2

- 2.1 Define homeostasis (2)
- 2.2 Briefly discus four (4) types of vesicular transport (8)

QUESTION 3

- 3.1 Which is the most abundant muscle tissue in the human body? (2)
- 3.2 State four (4) important functions produced by muscle tissue through contraction and relaxation. (8)

QUESTION 4

Scenario1.

As a nurse, your core duty is working with human beings, going through different types of homeostatic imbalances. Your main goal is to assist them maintain a state of homeostatic balance in their body systems. In order to achieve your goal, you need to master the human body through anatomy and physiology.

Based on scenario 1, answer question 4,1.

4.1 With the aid of a table, list ten body systems and state one main function of each system. (10)