UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCES

FINAL EXAMINATION

MAY 2016

COURSE CODE : GNS 120
COURSE TITLE : SOCIOLOGY FOR HEALTH

DURATION : 2 HOURS

MARKS: 75

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. DO NOT OPEN THIS PAPER UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR

2. ANSWER ALL THREE (3) QUESTIONS

3. EACH QUESTION IS TO BE ANSWERED ON A SEPARATE SHEET OF PAPER
QUESTION 1 A

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

For the following questions/statements write the number and corresponding alphabet for the answer e.g. 16 - B

1. One of the following statements determine that society is an agricultural society:
   A. Use animal labour for ploughing
   B. Goods are produced by machines powered by fuel
   C. Cultivating plants by the use of simple tools
   D. Pasturing of animals, such as cattle, camels, sheep and goats

2. What does cultural diffusion refer to?
   A. Tacit
   B. Borrowing from other cultures
   C. Differences of culture
   D. Similarities of culture

3. Material culture includes all the following EXCEPT;
   A. Symbols
   B. Bedpan
   C. Catheter
   D. Bedcover

4. What is vertical mobility?
   A. Change of position with change in status
   B. Change of position without change in status
   C. Mobility assigned by age
   D. Change in family status from one generation to the next

5. All the following are examples of health inequalities EXCEPT;
   A. Discrimination
   B. Unequal employment
   C. Unequal access to housing
   D. Race

6. Primary relationships are all EXCEPT;
   A. Intimate
   B. Impersonal
   C. Emotionally linked
   D. Socially linked

7. Who was the first sociologist to coin social action?
   A. Marx Weber
   B. Karl Marx
C. Parsons
D. Emile Durkheim

8. The first sociologist to include statistics in sociology is:
   A. Karl Marx
   B. Marx Weber
   C. Emile Durkheim
   D. August Comte

9. A family that constitutes social parents who are not biological parents is referred to:
   A. Deconstituted family
   B. Reconstituted family
   C. Nuclear family
   D. Extended family

10. One of the following is stress experienced in hospital through loss of privacy:
    A. Procedures not explained
    B. Called by number of bed
    C. Communication is done in medical terminology
    D. Share facilities such as bathroom

**QUESTION 1 B**

**MIX AND MATCH THE FOLLOWING CONCEPTS WITH RELATED STATEMENTS**

For example: 11. C

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>CONCEPT</th>
<th>STATEMENT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Cultural shock</td>
<td>A. Members of a minority group are absorbed by the dominant culture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Xenocentrism</td>
<td>B. Fear and hatred of foreigners</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Cultural lag</td>
<td>C. The culture of a smaller social grouping within a society with a recognizable pattern of behaviour which is not in conflict with the larger society</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Counter culture</td>
<td>D. The tendency of people to evaluate their own culture as inferior than other cultures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Ethnocentrism</td>
<td>E. Psychological and social maladaptation to another culture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Sub culture</td>
<td>F. The rapid growth in material culture versus non-material culture which results to amorality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Cultural assimilation</td>
<td>G. The process of learning beliefs, norms, and behavioral expectations of a group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Cultural relativity</td>
<td>H. Groups that oppose and try to change the general culture</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Acculturation</td>
<td>I. The tendency of people to evaluate their own culture as superior to other cultures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Xenophobia</td>
<td>J. Refers to understanding and embracing cultural differences</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(10 marks)
QUESTION 1 C

Categorise the following concepts under material and non-material culture:

1. Bible
2. Nurses’ pledge
3. Nursing theories
4. Nurses’ uniform
5. Values

(25 marks)

QUESTION 2

2.1. Explain the sociological significance of language in nursing (6 marks)
2.2. Explain the importance of socialization in the family. (5 marks)
2.3. Differentiate between inter-generational and intra-generational social movement and give examples (4 marks)
2.4. How can you characterise prostitutes called street walkers (3 marks)
2.5. Explain four reasons contributing to abuse of the elderly (4 marks)
2.6. What is self-socialization? (3 marks)

(25 marks)

QUESTION 3

3.1. Discuss the functionalist view or perception on illness by Parsons (5 marks)
3.2. Discuss how the school is an agent of socialization (4 marks)
3.3. Why do we need social control in the society? (5 marks)
3.4. What challenges does a nurse professional face as a student? (5 marks)
3.5. Define the following characters found in a group (6 marks)

a. Blocker
b. Avoidance behaviour
c. Aggressor
d. Gate keeper
e. Harmoniser
f. Consensus tester

(25 marks)

GRAND TOTAL - 75 MARKS