UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND Faculty of Health Sciences

DEGREE IN ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH RE_SIT EXAMINATION PAPER 2019

TITLE OF PAPER

MEAT PARASITOLOGY

COURSE CODE

EHS 403

DURATION

2 HOURS

MARKS

100

INSTRUCTIONS

READ THE QUESTIONS & INSTRUCTIONS

CAREFULLY

ANSWER ALL FOUR (4) QUESTIONS

EACH QUESTION CARRIES 25 MARKS.

NO PAPER SHOULD BE BROUGHT INTO THE

EXAMINATION ROOM.

WRITE NEATLY & CLEARLY

BEGIN EACH QUESTION ON A SEPARATE

SHEET OF PAPER.

DO NOT OPEN THIS QUESTION PAPER UNTIL PERMISSION IS GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR.

Question 1 Explain the transmission and control of toxoplasmosis to human. [6] a) Suggest appropriate methods for the control of human tapeworms. [5] b) How would you control human fascioliasis in Swaziland? [5] c) How would you ensure that hydatid diseases are eliminated in Swaziland? [5] c) During meat inspection, you find a small hydatid cyst in the lung, what will be d) your judgment and why? [4] [25 Marks] **Question 2** a) During cattle meat inspection, you find one Taenia saginata cyst in masseter muscles. What will be your judgment? Explain b) In the case of pig inspection, you find one Taenia solium cyst in the masseter muscles. What will be your judgment? Explain c) If then, the T. saginata cysts are in both the masseter muscles and the shoulder muscles. What will be your judgment? Explain d) Name three (3) conditions that are commonly found in the kidney of cattle in Swaziland. e) In meat inspection, the knowledge of the symptoms and lesions are paramount in assisting the meat inspector to reach an informed decision and judgment. The inspector may either condemn the whole carcass or only affected organs and parts of the carcass. Discus the ante-mortem and post-mortem signs of red water fever. [8] [25 Marks] **Ouestion 3** a. Describe the ante-mortem and post-mortem signs of Gall-sickness disease in [14] b. Devise practical control measures for heart water disease. [5] c. Explain the measures that may be employed in the control of human Trichinellosis. [6] [25 Marks] **Ouestion 4**

Meat inspection is a mandatory requirement for all animals that are slaughtered and used as food for man. This requirement is to ensure that meat is safe for human consumption. Explain the steps that should be followed in routine post-mortem cattle meat inspection in Swaziland

[25 Marks]