# UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCE

#### SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION, JULY 2013

**COUESE TITLE:** 

PRINCIPLES OF ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY

**COURSE CODE:** 

EHM 108

TIME ALLOCATED:

TWO (2) HOURS

MARKS ALLOCATED:

75

#### **INSTRUCTION:**

- THERE ARE SEVEN (7) PRINTED PAGES EXCLUDING COVER PAGE
- THERE ARE 2 SETIONS:
  - SECTION A WITH MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS
  - O SECTION B WITH 2 SHORT ESSAYS QUESTIONS

DO NOT OPEN THIS QUESTION PAPER UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO BY THE INVIGILATOR

### SECTION A: OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS (35 MARKS)

#### QUESTION 1 A: MULTIPLE CHOICE

For each question, choose the most appropriate response and write in your answer sheet the corresponding letter only, in **capital letters**. Each correct response carries 1 mark.

1.	Which of the following structures is located anteriorly to the heart?					
	A.	Vertebral column				
	В.	Lungs				
	C.	Diaphragm				
	D.	Sternum				
2.	Th	e main role of K <sup>+</sup> is				
	A.	strengthening of bones				
	В.	formation of haemoglobin and transport of oxygen				
	C.	neuromuscular transmission				
	D.	enzyme cofactor				
3.	Wh	nich of the following type of muscle tissue is striated?				
	A.	Skeletal muscle				
	B.	Cardiac muscle				
	C.	Smooth muscle				
	D.	a and b				
•	Wh	ich component of the skin protects the body from ultraviolet rays?				
	A.	Keratin				
	B.	Melanin				
	C.	Collagen				
	D.	Tissue fluid				
•	Whi	ich of the following membrane proteins participate in the generation of a resting				
	men	nbrane potential?				
	A. ]	Leak channels				

B. Na+ - K+ pump
C. Phospholipids
D. a and b
The resting membrane potential of a neuron is about
A 100 mV
B 70 mV
C. +70  mV
D. +100 mV
Which of the following is correct about the anatomy of a motor unit?
4. Each nerve fibre only supplies one muscle fibre.
3. One neuron can supply many muscle fibres
C. Each muscle fibre can receives input from many neurons at the same time  D. All of the above
Which of the following is correct about a reflex action?
A. A reflex action is a protective mechanism of the body.
3. Blinking is an example of a reflex action.
C. A reflex action may not involve the brain
O. All of the above
Which of the following is a component of the peripheral nervous system?

- - A. Cranjal nerves
  - B. Spinal nerves
  - C. Brain stem
  - D. a and b
- 10. By which of the following processes do muscles obtain energy from food?
  - A. Anabolism
  - B. Anaerobic respiration
  - C. Aerobic respiration
  - D. b and c

A. To control motor movements	
B. To regulate body temperature	
C. Cognitive functions	
D. Controls hearing	
12. Which of the following is NOT an endocrine gland?	
A. Sebaceous glands	
B. Hypothalamus	
C. Pituitary gland	
D. None of the above	
13. Which of the following is the primary role of sweat glands?	
A. Regulation of volume of water in the body	
B. Regulation of body temperature	
C. Lubricate the skin	
D. All of the above	
14. A red blood cell	
A. has a very long half life	
B. does not have a nucleus	
C. serves as part of the immune system, protecting the body from infection	
D. all of the above	
\$ 15. Which of the following influences the flow of blood in the cardiovascular system?	
A. Skeletal muscle contraction	
B. Cardiac muscle contraction	
C. Force of gravity	
D. All of the above	
6. When we immunize babies, we are	
A. building specific immunity to specific illness	
B. strengthening the innate/nonspecific immunity	
C. we are killing bacteria which we are born with	

11. What is the main role of the cerebellum in the body?

	D.	all of the above
17	. Th	e functional unit of a kidney is called a
		Cell
	В.	Nephron
	C.	Motor unit
	D.	Sarcomere
18.	Spe	erms are manufactured by the
	A.	penis
	B.	testis
	C.	bladder
-	D.	Stomach
19.	The	internal environment of the body
	A.	Includes the lumen of the gastrointestinal tract
	B.	Refers specifically to the internal body temperature only
		Is always constant under normal circumstances
	D.	All of the above
20.	Stru	ctural and functional differences among individuals are a result of
	<b>A</b> .	Differences in genes
<b>)</b>	B. 3	Environmental factors
ı	C. ]	No known cause
	D. a	a. and b.

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#### QUESTION 1B: MATCHING AND TRUE OR FALSE

Choose a word or phrase in column B that best fits the descriptions in each statement given in column A, and write the corresponding letter only in your answer sheet, in **capital letters**, e.g. 26 B. Each correct response carries 1 mark.

Column A	Column B
1. Location of the abdomen with respect to the vertebral	(a) Optic nerve
column	(b) Olfactory nerve
2. A bone that is part of the axial skeleton	(c) Posterior
3. Charge difference (voltage) across a cell membrane	(d) Sternum
4. A membranous tissue that surrounds the heart muscle	(e) Acetylcholine
5. A dark staining junction between two cardiac cells	(f) Anterior
6. The main control centre in the brain	(g) Humerous
7. Cranial nerve responsible for sense of smell	(h) Membrane
8. A chemical substance that acts as both a	potential
neurotransmitter and a hormone	(i) Pericardium
	(j) Adrenaline
	(k) Epineurium
•	(l) Intercalated disc
	(m)Thalamus
	(n) Parasagittal
	(o) Hypothalamus
<b>*</b>	(p) Midsagittal

State whether each of the following statements is true (T) or false (F), and write the corresponding letter only, in capital letters, e.g. 12 B. Each correct response carries 1 mark.

- 9. Blood is a connective tissue
- 10. The cell is surrounded by a double membrane.

- 11. The amount of force generated by a muscle depends on the number of muscle fibres activated.
- 12. Digestive enzymes work under specific pH and temperature
- 13. The kidney detoxifies substances that are harmful to the body
- 14. Genes exist in pairs
- 15. The gastrointestinal tract has the same layers of tissue from mouth to anus.

[15]

[Total 35 Marks]

## SETION B: SHORT ESSAY QUESTIONS (40 MARKS)

#### **QUESTION 2**

2.1 State the four (4) chambers of the heart and state the function of each	[4
2.2 State any five (6) glands or organs with glandular tissue which secretes hormones	[6]
2.3 Munya is now old and he can't read without glasses, but all other things he can do ver no problems. Describe and explain, with the aide of illustrations, the basis of his visit	
problem, and how the glasses correct the problem.	[10
[Sub-total 20 N	<b>Aark</b> s
QUESTION 3	
3.1 Give a brief explanation to each of the following statements based on your knowleds	ge of
the principles of Anatomy and Physiology:	<b>50</b> 01
(i) A severely stressed or frightened person may appear pale	[2]
(ii) The skin of the hands of people who do rough and heavy duty work is thicker	
that of office workers	[2]
(iii) If one dies, the body becomes rigid	[2]
(iv)On a cold day, people produce more urine than on a hot day	[2]
(v) If one is flown too high into the sky, he or she may end up struggling to breat	th[2]
.2 Sipho has ingested a liquid chemical substance whose effect to the body is not known	n
Discuss the possible health outcomes to Sipho in terms of anatomy and physiology.	
[Sub-total 20 Ma	
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