

FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCES B.Sc. ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCE END OF <u>SEMESTER II</u> EXAMINATIONS

TITLE OF PAPER:

DAIRY SCIENCES

COURSE CODE:

EHS506

DURATION:

2 HOURS

DATE:

MAY 2012

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. READ THE QUESTIONS CAREFULLY.

2. ANSWER ANY 4 QUESTIONS.

3. EACH QUESTION CARRIES 25 MARKS. WHERE A
QUESTION IS SUBDIVIDED INTO PARTS, THE MARK FOR
EACH PART IS SHOWN IN BRACKETS.

4. NO PAPER SHOULD BE BROUGHT INTO THE EXAMINATION ROOM.

BEGIN EACH QUESTION ON A SEPARATE SHEET OF PAPER.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: NONE

DO NOT OPEN THE QUESTION PAPER UNTIL INTSRUCTED TO DO SO BY THE INVIGILATOR.

QUESTION 1

- a. Briefly discuss the mechanism of interaction between *Streptococcus thermophilus* and *Lactobacillus delbrueckii* ssp. *bulgaricus* during yogurt manufacture. [10]
- b. The two starter microorganisms are usually added in a ratio of 1:1. Explain how each of the following factors influences the balance between the two:
 - i. Amount of inocula. [5]
 - ii. Incubation time. [5]
 - iii. Incubation temperature. [5]

[25]

QUESTION 2

- a. Manufacture of extended shelf-life milk may require two heat treatments, (e.g. 140°C for 2 s; and 72°C for 15 s). Explain the rational behind this approach and its effect on shelf life. [10]
- Use a well labelled diagram to outline the manufacture of homogenised,
 pasteurised liquid milk. [15]

[25]

QUESTION 3

- a. Describe the characteristics of a bacteriophage and its commercial impact in the dairy industry. [10]
- Describe the concept of direct vat inoculation and discuss its advantages over bulk starter preparation in dairy processing. Use diagrams to illustrate your answer.[15]

[25]

QUESTION 4

- Discuss the effect of lactose crystallization on the quality of the following milk products:
 - i. Ice cream. [5]
 - ii. Powdered milk. [5]

b. Dis	cuss	s the stability of the colloidal structure of milk under the following	
conditions:			
i	i .	Acidification.[5]	
ii	i.	Heat treatment. [5]	
iii	i .	Addition of ethanol. [5]	
			[25]
QUESTION 5			
Write notes on the following:			
	a.	Phosphatase test. [5]	
	b.	Dye reduction test. [5]	
	c.	Effect of chymosin on κ -casein. [5]	
	d.	The lactoperoxidase system. [10]	