

UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

Faculty of Health Science

Department of Environmental Health Sciences

Final Examination 2009

Title of paper: URBAN WATER TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY

Course code: EHS 213

Time allowed: 2 hours

Marks allocation: 100 Marks

Instructions:

- 1) Read the questions and instructions carefully
- 2) Answer ALL questions
- 3) Each question is weighted 25 marks
- 4) Write neatly and clearly

This paper is not to be opened until the invigilator has granted permission

| EHS 213. | |
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| QUESTION 1. | |
| a) Preliminary Settling tank is one of the important components in a Convectional Treatment plant, explain why is it important and when is it needed in a treatment | |
| b) Water standards are very important in water supply! Support this statement. | (15) |
| QUESTION 2. | |
| a) Aluminium Sulphate is a coagulant used in water treatment. Compare its prope and that of Ferric Chloride, and which one would you recommend and Why? | rties (15 |
| b) What are the properties of chlorine and what are the advantages over ultra-viole as a disinfectant. | et (10) |
| QUESTION 3. | |
| "Activated Carbon is one the materials used in a convectional water treatment pla | nt" |
| Describe in details the properties of this chemical, also state for what purpose is i used for in water treatment and how is it removed from water. | it (25 |
| QUESTION 4. | |
| "Disinfection is the chemical process which kills micro-organisms in a convection water treatment plant" using chlorine as a disinfectant! | nal |
| a) Describe the action of chlorine in water under the following: | |
| i) Monochloramines | (5) |
| ii) Dichloramines | (5) |
| iii) Trichloramines | (5) |
| b) With an aid of a diagram, describe the chlorine residual and break-point Chlorination. | (10) |
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Main Examination: May 2009