### UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

# Faculty of Health Sciences Department of Environmental Health sciences

## DIPLOMA IN ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SCIENCES

#### FINAL EXAMINATION PAPER MAY 2009

TITLE OF PAPER:

**BUILDING CONSTRUCTION** 

**TECHNOLOGY II** 

COURSE CODE :

EHS 211

**DURATION** 

2 HOURS

MARKS

75

INSTRUCTIONS

: ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS

: EACH QUESTION CARRIES 25 MARKS

: NO PAPER SHOULD BE BROUGHT INTO OR OUT OF THE EXAMINATION ROOM

: BEGIN EACH QUESTION ON A SEPARATE SHEET OF PAPER

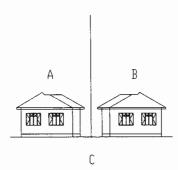
DO NOT OPEN THIS QUESTION PAPER UNTIL PERMISSION IS GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR

#### **QUESTION ONE**

A) Given the following figure state what command you would use to complete it in AutoCAD [5]



- B) State the first thing you do after opening the AutoCAD programme [5]
- C) Explain how AutoCAD tool bars are activated and deactivated [5]
- D) Given the house in A explain how you can come up with the second house B using AutoCAD commands [5]



E) How do you go about checking angle dimensions and ordinary dimensions using AutoCAD [5]

#### **QUESTION TWO**

- (A) Using the **drawing A** answer the following questions.
  - 1. If the scale is 1:50 what would be the size of:
  - a, b, c. [3]
  - 2. In a scale of 1:150 what would be the size of: a, b, c. [3]
  - 3. What is the name of the dimension lines being used in the drawing? [2]
  - 4. What view does this drawing represent? [1]
  - 5. For a habitable room what is the minimum size for b [2]
  - 6. What are the minimum dimensions fo the window area [2]
- (B) Using the site plan in drawing B answer the following questions:
  - 1. What is the scale used by the architect in this site plan? [2]
  - 2. What is the total area of this plot in m<sup>2</sup>?[2]

- 3. How far from the house is the septic tank and what is the most important thing about location of a septic tank? [2]
- 4. Is the access placed at the correct position in terms of the building act? Please explain [2]
- 5. In a separate piece of paper show what else would be there to complete this drawing layout [2]
- 6. In just one paragraph describe PTN 876 [2]

#### **QUESTION THREE**

This question is a TRUE and FALSE answer question: choose one

- 1. Deviations from approved plans are not permitted without obtaining amended plan approval.
- 2. Vehicular access is not important in drainage layout
- 3. All brickwork is to be laid in mortar comprising 5 part cement to 2 parts clean pit sand with low clay content
- 4. Finished floor level should be a minimum of 150 below highest point of natural ground level adjacent to the building.
- 5. Walls in footings are to be centred on the strip foundation
- 6. The minimum size of bedroom is 3000 by 3000, however sizes above the stated are acceptable
- 7. Water closet (WC)-minimum dimensions 750 x 1400
- 8. Bathroom minimum 7.7m<sup>2</sup> with least dimension of 1520
- 9. Toilets should be positioned on plan so as to open onto passages
- 10. Size of a foundation (width) e.g. is based on two factors 1) load bearing transmitted and, 2) the bearing capacity of the subsoil
- 11. Components drawing usually done for storey building & staircases, steelworks and structural layout
- 12. Elevations in a drawing plan are used to provide vertical views through the building
- 13. It is pointless to train EHOs in building construction
- 14. minimum room height from finished ceiling or if there is no ceiling, to underside or lowest part of roof should be 2400
- 15. the north point is part of the ground floor plan
- 16. a circle is described by its diameter
- 17. the recognized abbreviation in building construction VP stands for ventilation part.
- 18. Ortho in AutoCAD helps in drawing straight horizontal and vertical lines
- 19. the traditional method of producing working drawings is by computer with CAD soft ware
- 20. a non load bearing wall can be defined as walls carrying their own weight
- 21. an architect will not make the difference between a sketch and a drawing
- 22. block plans and site plans are all classified as location drawings
- 23. a ventilation pipe must be provided at the centre of the foul drainage system
- 24. a suitable scale for drawing a section is 1:1
  - 25. Bill of quantities enables preparation of a tender sum

- (a) Write a few notes on the use of scale in working drawings giving examples of appropriate scales for the component parts of working drawings [5]
- (b) Outline the health and safety standards applicable in a building site [5]
- (c) Outline the things you look for in interpreting, approving, and scrutinizing drawings and building plans [10]
- (d) 2mm is the size of a roads drive leading to a building site. On a scale 1:1000, what is the size of the road in meters? [1]
- (e) What is the volume of a mineral which presents with a density of  $7.5 \text{ g/m}^3$  and a mass of 375? [1]
- (f) Calculate the width of a strip foundation when the load bearing wall is transmitting a load of 25kn/m and the self bearing capacity of the subsoil is 75kn/m2 [2]
- (g) Specific gravity=weight in air/weight in air-weight in water. Now for a mineral whose specific gravity is 1.07, and its weight on air is 240.what is the mineral weight in water?[1]

