UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND Faculty of Health Sciences DEGREE IN ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH FINAL EXAMINATION PAPER 2005-6

TITLE OF PAPER :

EXCRETA AND SEWAGE MANAGEMENT

COURSE CODE

EHS 204

DURATION

3 HOURS

MARKS

100

INSTRUCTIONS

READ THE QUESTIONS & INSTRUCTIONS

CAREFULLY

: ANSWER ANY FIVE QUESTIONS

: EACH QUESTION CARRIES 20 MARKS.

: WRITE NEATLY & CLEARLY

NO PAPER SHOULD BE BROUGHT INTO NOR OUT

OF THE EXAMINATION ROOM.

: BEGIN EACH QUESTION ON A SEPARATE SHEET

OF PAPER.

DO NOT OPEN THIS QUESTION PAPER UNTIL PERMISSION IS GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR.

FINAL EXAMINATION 2005/2006 - EHS 204

QUESTION ONE
 (a) With the aid of a sketch, describe all possible ways by which pathogens can be transmitted from human excreta to susceptible human host. (10) (b) Give four reasons why emphasis is placed on excreta disposal. (8) (c) Differentiate between sullage and sewage (2)
QUESTION TWO
 (a) Give four materials used in drainage pipes. For each material discuss advantages and disadvantages (12) (b) The general principles of drainage design system for buildings depend on two key principles. Discuss these two principles (8)
QUESTION THREE
 (a) Jointing pipes used in drainage vary depending on material used. Mention five joints examples giving for each the appropriate material used. (10) (b) Why is the understanding of drainage principles important to an Environmental Health Officer? (10)
QUESTION FOUR
 (a) Mention four advantages of the water carried methods of excreta disposal over the privy methods (b) Leaking drains in a building is associated with three problems of public health importance. What are they? (12)
QUESTION FIVE
(a) Describe the three types of drainage systems (b) Inspection is one of the key principles in drainage. Discuss this principle and also give the two classes of drainage manholes. (8)
QUESTION SIX

(a) What advise can you give for drains laid under buildings(b) What could interfere with the maintenance of a seal in traps(c) Give reasons for drain ventilation

(8)

(4) (8)