# **University of Eswatini**



## (DEPARTMENT OF CURRICULUM AND TEACHING)

## SEMESTER 2 EXAMINATION PAPER - MAY 2020

TITLE OF PAPER

ADVANCED CURRICULUM STUDIES IN

**RELIGIOUS EDUCATION II** 

**COURSE CODE:** 

**CTE 610** 

STUDENTS: M.ED 2

TIME: THREE (3) HOURS

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. There are FIVE (5) questions in this paper.
- 2. Answer QUESTION 1 and any other THREE (3) questions.
- 3. Marks are indicated against each question.
- 4. All questions carry equal marks.

DO NOT OPEN THIS PAPER UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR

#### **QUESTION 1**

#### **COMPULSORY**

"Having a degree should not give people power. Real power is being able to make the choice between good and evil, life and death, between empowerment and nurturing people of people and putting people down. Education is often viewed as the exit route to a better lifestyle rather than the beginning of a journey, which will take a lifetime." – Mullan, D. (2001).

- a) Discuss the values that education, and Religious Education in particular, promote in its endeavour to push a values based curriculum. (20)
- b) Explain the role that you, as an RE teacher can play at your school to ensure that the subject achieves what you have discussed in (a). (5)

#### **QUESTION 2**

"Cultural diversity is something to be enjoyed. It is not a problem. The problem is ignorance. It is ignorance that provides the fuel for fear, prejudice and hate".

(Terry Davis, Council of Europe Secretary General, May 2010).

Discuss, in light of Davis (2010)'s statement, whether teaching (about) religion(s) is a necessity in the context of Eswatini? [25]

#### **QUESTION 3**

"Teaching for social justice has a common goal of preparing teachers to recognize, name, and combat inequality in schools and society through culturally relevant pedagogy, antiracist pedagogy, and intercultural teaching among others ..." (Russo, P. (1994: 1) What does it mean to teach for social justice? SUNY Oswego. Retrieved 21/02/20).

a) Discuss what authors like Russo (1994) and from your wide reading, perceive as the goal for promoting social justice in a school situation. (10)

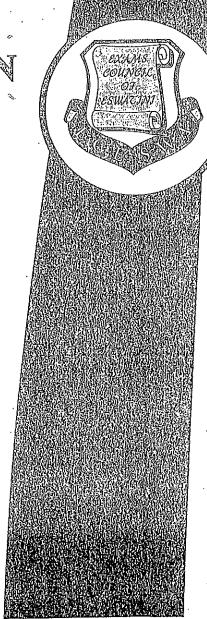
b) Hig	ghlight Russo (1994)'s suggestion on how a teacher can 'teach for the promotion of	gender
equali	ty as a social structure' in Eswatini's Religious Education class context.	(15)
QUES	STION 4	
a) Dis	scuss the assessment objectives and assessment procedures of the current JC R	teligious
Educa	tion (533) syllabus.	(15)
b) To	what extent do you think the new examination is likely to improve or worsen the	
teachi	ng/learning of Religious Education in secondary schools of Eswatini?	(10)
<b>ATTES</b>	CTION &	
	STION 5	iament n
	urces should not be seen as life rafts but valuable teaching tools that support and at	
	Religious Education curriculum." (Paprocki, <i>Thriving as an RE teacher</i> , 2007: 9).	
a)	Explain the reasons for using, and principles for selecting resources in RE teaching	
	learning.	(15)
b)	• •	
	Religious Education lesson.	(10)
	-	
	END OF EXAMINATION PAPER	-

# EXAMINATION SYLLABUS

Junior Certificate

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION
Subject Code 533

For Examination in 2021 - 2023



# CONTENT

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#### JUNIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

#### **Broad Guidelines**

The Ministry of Education is committed, in accordance with the National Policy Statement on Education, to provide a Curriculum and Assessment System (Form 1 to Form 3) so that at the completion of secondary education, learners will

**東京の中の東西河南部の一大東京のファウルは、古代の日** 

- be equipped to meet the changing needs of the Nation, and
- have attained internationally acceptable standards.

## Swaziland's National Education Policy Directives

Junior Certificate (JC) syllabuses for studies in Form 1 to Form 3 will individually, and collectively, enable learners to develop essential skills and provide a broad learning experience which:

- inculcates values and attitudes as well as knowledge and understanding,
- encourages respect for human rights and freedom of speech,
- respects the values and beliefs of others, relating to issues of gender, culture and religion,
- develops desirable attitudes and behaviour towards the environment,
- provides insight and understanding of global issues which affect quality of life in Swaziland and elsewhere, e.g. the AIDS pandemic; global warming; misdistribution of wealth; and technological advances.

## The National Curriculum for Form 1 to Form 3

Learners will be given opportunities to develop essential skills which will overlap across the entire range of subjects studied. These skills are listed below.

- Communication and language skills
- Numeracy skills: mathematical ideas, techniques and applications
- Problem-solving skills
- Technological awareness and applications
- Critical thinking skills
- Work and study skills
- Independent learning
- Working with others

# Religious Education Junior Certificate Syllabus (533) · 2021-2023

To develop these skills, learners must take six compulsory subjects and any other subjects selected from the electives below.

#### Compulsory Subjects

- English Language
- English Literature
- Mathematics
- Religious Education
- Science
- SiSwati

#### Electives

- Additional Mathematics
- Agriculture
- Bookkeeping and Accounts
- Business Studies
- Consumer Science
- Design and Technology
- Development Studies
- French.
- Geography
- History

#### Fields of Study

- Agriculture
- Business Studies
- Consumer Science
- Pure Sciences
- Social Sciences and Humanities
- Technical Studies

#### INTRODUCTION

The Junior Certificate syllabuses are designed as three-year courses for examination in Form 3. The syllabus assumes that the learners have been through a Secondary School (Form 1 to 3) Programme of Religious Education. The purpose of the Religious Education syllabus is that learners will have an understanding of the Christian beliefs, teachings, practices and influences on the lives of individuals and community; and be encouraged to adopt Christian values and behaviour.

JC syllabuses follow a general pattern. The main sections are:

- Aims
- Assessment Objectives
- Assessment
- Curriculum Content

#### AIMS

The aims of the syllabus are the same for all learners. These are set out below and describe the educational purposes of a course in Religious Education for the JC Examination. They are not listed in order of priority.

The Junior Certificate Religious Education aims to:

- 1. Develop learners' knowledge of the life and teachings of Jesus.
- 2. Develop an enquiring and critical approach to the study of biblical texts, the ideas they contain and the ways in which they may be interpreted.
- 3. Empower learners to explore the religious, ethical and historical questions raised in the text studied.
- 4. Enable learners to make an informed response to issues arising from the study.
- 5. Develop a range of transferable skills which will support learners in their lives.

#### ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES

## Assessment Objectives in Religious Education are:

- 1. Knowledge and Understanding
- 2. Analysis and Interpretation
- 3. Evaluation

#### AO1 KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING

#### Candidates should be able to:

1. show their knowledge of biblical texts and understanding of Christian beliefs, covenants, kingship in Israel, experiences and teachings by explaining their significance for Christian believers

 demonstrate knowledge and understanding of Christian responses to biblical teachings, Christian beliefs, experiences of biblical characters, Christian moral values.

#### AO2 ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

#### Candidates should be able to:

- 1. use knowledge in order to analyse and interpret biblical teachings, covenants, Christian beliefs, experiences of biblical characters
- 2. analyse and show alternative Christian approaches to social, economic and spiritual problems.

#### **A03 EVALUATION**

#### Candidates should be able to:

- make assessments or judgements on views related to biblical issues arising from Christian beliefs, teachings and practices by using evidence and argument to provide justifications.
- 2. formulate personal response on views related to biblical issues arising from Christian beliefs, teachings, covenants and practices.

# ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES AND WEIGHTINGS

Relationship between assessment objectives and components of the scheme of assessment

PAPER	WEIGHTING	ASSESSMENT/OBJECTIVES
1	50%	Knowledge and Understanding
	30%	Analysis and Interpretation
	20%	Evaluation
2.	40%	Knowledge and Understanding
	33%	Analysis and Interpretation
	27%	Evaluation

#### ASSESSMENT -

#### Scheme of Assessment

Candidates will be required to write TWO examination papers.

#### PAPER 1

Time: 1 hour | Marks: 40

The paper will consist of 40 multiple choice questions taken from the Junior Secondary syllabus. The paper will assess the five objectives, i.e. Knowledge, Understanding, Analysis, Interpretation and Evaluation.

The first items 1-20 will cover knowledge and understanding and 21-40 will cover analysis, interpretation and evaluation.

Each item will contain a stem and four plausible options of which **ONE** will be the correct answer.

#### PAPER 2

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes Marks: 60

Questions for this paper will be drawn from the Junior Secondary syllabus.

There will be four questions covering any four of the ten themes. Candidates will be required to answer all four questions. Question 1 will be based on stimulus and source material:

The questions will require free responses in a form of sentences or paragraphs. Each question will be structured into three parts; (a), (b) and (c). Each question will be worth 15 marks. The (a) part will cover AO1 and will be worth 6 marks, (b) part will cover AO2 5 marks and (c) part will cover AO3 4 marks.

#### WEIGHTING OF PAPERS

PARER	WEIGHTING
1	40%
2	60%

## CURRICULUM CONTENT

The curriculum is divided into ten themes. These are:

- 1. The Bible
- 2. Creation and the fall of man
- 3. Covenants
- 4. Leadership in Israel
- The prophecies about the Messiah
- The preparation of Jesus' ministry
- 7. Galilean Ministry
- 8. Jesus' teachings, miracles, and parables
- 9. The journey, ministry in Jerusalem, crucifixion, resurrection and ascension of Jesus
- 10. Christianity and social behaviour

#### Version of the Bible

The Revised Standard Version will be used for quotations included in the question paper

Religious Education Junior Certificate Syllabus (533)

Motes for guidance	Emphasis should be on:  • Describing the structure and	type of literature found in the Bible  Explain the authority of the bible  Explain the uses of the Bible									Emphasis should be on:  Biblical explanation of how the earth came about.	
Submeme	The Bible	<ul> <li>The structure of the Bible</li> <li>Types of Literature found in the Bible</li> <li>Types of Literature found in the Bible</li> <li>The authority of the bible (Hebrews 1:1-2, 2Timothy 3:16, Revelations 22:18,</li> </ul>	2 Peter 1:20-21) The use of the Bible in Christian life and worship	o Edification o Meditation	o Correction	o Light .	o Joy o Strength	o Trust	o Peace	o Teaching o Reproof	Creation The Biblical accounts of creation and their meaning (Genesis 1 and 2) Attributes of God from the creation accounts (Genesis 1 and 2)	The fall of man  Alienation from God (Genesis 3:9-11)  Suffering (Genesis 2-3; Luke 15:11-19)  Guilt/shame (Gen 3:1-10)
e meuri	THE BIBLE				,			10	<u>.</u>		2. CREATION AND THE FALL OF MAN	

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Emphasis should be on:  Definition of the term faith in God (Hebrews 11:1-6)  Definition of covenant.  Type of covenant.  Description of oovenant.  covenant.	
a Death (Gen 2-3)  Sign ham  Abrahamic Covenant  a Abraham (Genesis 11:24-32, 12:1-9)  Abraham sats of faith in God (Genesis 12:1-9, 15:1-6, 17:23-24, 21:1-7,  Cad's promises to Abraham and their relevance to Christians today (Genesis 12:2-3, 15:1-13)  God's promises to Abraham and their relevance (Genesis 15:1-19)  Gricumcision  The call of Moses (Exodus 3:1-22)  The passover (Exodus 7:14 - 11:1-10)  The Passover (Exodus 12: 1-31)  The Passover (Exodus 12: 1-31)  The Mass Exodus  The mass Exodus  The mask Exodus  The masking of the Red Sea (Exodus 14:5-31)  The morssing of the Red Sea (Exodus 14:5-31)  The provision of Manna and qualis (Exodus 14:5-31)  The making of the Sinal Covenant (Exodus 20:1-17)  The heading of the Sinal Covenant (Exodus 32:1-35)  The breaking of the Sinal Covenant (Exodus 32:1-35)  The breaking of the Sinal Covenant (Exodus 32:1-35)	• The renewal of the Sirial Coverians (

Notes of dudance	Emphasis should be on:	Choice     Leader     Anointing     Success     Failures     Characterization	Emphasis should be on:  • Describe how the prophecies are proof of the phenomena below.	0 0 0 0	(Jeremiah23:5)	Emphasis should be on:  • The miraculous birth of John and Jesus	between the angel and the recipients	e Explain Zacharian s'umbiless e Describe characterisation of Zachariah and Mary
Subinemic Control of the Control of	Kingship in Israel	<ul> <li>King Saul (i Samuel 10)</li> <li>King David</li> <li>King David's achievements as king of Israel (1Samuel 16: 1-23, 2 Samuel 6:1-15)</li> <li>King Solomon</li> </ul>	Old Testament Prophecies The coming of the Messiah (Isaiah 7:14, Deuteronomy 18:15, Isaiah 53:1-12)	New Testament Prophecies • the concept of the Messiah in the New Testament, (Matthew 1:26, Matthew 2:5, Matthew 3:3)		John The birth of John the Baptist (Luke 1:57 – 80) John the Baptist prepares the way (Luke3:1-20)	Jesus The Annunciation of Jesus (Luke 1: 26 – 38) The hirth of Jesus (Luke 2: 1-20)	Magnificat (Luke: 46:56) Dedication (Luke 2: 21 – 40)
110 TT 6 T	4. LEADERSHIP IN	o o o o	5. THE PROPHECIES ABOUT THE	지원 (12 -		6. THE PREPARATION OF		

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			THE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO SERVICE AND SERVICE
	List of the state	Ì	Explain the importance of the
			virgin birth
			Explain the importance of Jesus'
			visit to the temple at 8 days old
			and the age of 12
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			Noteshorguidance
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		:   (08-78-20-3-104: 1) deir	Emphasis should be
<u>[]</u>			
9			<ul> <li>Describe and explain the</li> </ul>
U.S.	PREPARATION OF	Early life of Jesus	significance of the Benedictus,
Ę	VOT SHIRING TO	<ul> <li>Baptism of Jesus Christ (Luke 3:21-22)</li> </ul>	Magnificat and the song of
ם מ שר	ことについい かつのいつ	a Temptation of Jesus (Luke 4:1-13)	
-			Explain the significance of the
13			age 12 during the time of Jesus
3			• Describe and explain the
			ø
			toning the state of the state o
			Emphasis should be
7. GALI	GALILEAN		made on :
MIMI	MINISTRY	<ul> <li>Work at Capernaum (Luke 4: 31-44)</li> </ul>	
		Call of His twelve disciples (Luke 5: 1-11)	Describe and explain the rejection of
			Jesus at Nazareth
			Describe and explain Jesus's work
		<ul> <li>Early opposition to Jesus (Luke 5: 1/-20)</li> </ul>	at Capernaum
		o Claim to forgive (Luke 5: 17-26)	The significance of the number 12
	•	beating with sinners (Luke 5: 17-26	Identifying 12 Appsfles
·			
,		Working on the Sabbath (Luke 6: 1-11)	onnosition of Jesus
	•	١	

	And the second s	
	<ul> <li>Relationship between Jesus Christ and John the Baptist (Luke 7:18-35)</li> <li>Jesus and the sinful woman (Luke 7:36-50)</li> <li>Mission of the 12 (Luke 9:1-6)</li> <li>identity of Jesus (Luke 9:7-9; 9:18-22; 9:28_36)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Focus on Jesus and sinners</li> <li>The law versus Jesus's teachings about the Sabbath</li> <li>Jesus for the outcast in society.</li> <li>Who truly Jesus is</li> </ul>
	Signame	Notes: Orgundance
o. JESUS' TEACHINGS, MIRACLES AND PARABLES	Teachings  • Forgiveness (the sinful woman (Luke 7:36 – 8:3)  • faith and humility (Luke 9: 37 – 50)  • Forgiveness (Psalms 130:4; Matthew 25:28; Mark 1:4; Luke 1:77)  • Judging others (Matthew 7:1-5; Luke 7:37 – 42; Acts 20:19; John 8: 1-8)  • Humility (Psalms 45:4; Proverbs 11:12; Acts 20:19; James 3:13)  • Retaliation (Romans 12:17-21; Matthew 5:38-42; James 1:19-20)  • Jesus' warnings against false feachings i.e. (Luke 11:37 – 12: 1 – 12)  • The hypocrisy of the Pharisees  • Material possessions (Luke 12: 13 - 34)  • Watchfulness and readiness and signs of the times (Luke 12: 35 - 59)	Emphasis should be made on:
	Miracles  The boy with an unclean spirit (Luke 9:37 – 43; Mat 17:14-21; Mark 9:14 – 27)  The healing of the Centurion's servant (Luke 7:1 – 10)  The raising of Jairus' daughter (Mat 9:18 – 26; Luke 8:40-56; Mark 5:21-43)  Jesus calms the storm (Mark 4:35 – 41)	
	The state of the s	

		Notes foriguidance	
<ul> <li>The healing of the woman with haemorrhage (Mark 5:25 – 34; Luke 8:43 – 48;</li> <li>Mat 9:20 – 22)</li> <li>The feeding of the five thousand (Mat 14:15 – 21; Luke 9:10 – 17)</li> </ul>	Parables Parables about the kingdom (Luke 13)  The mustard seed (Luke 13: 18 -21)  The great feast (Luke 14: 15 - 24)  The prodigal son (Luke 15: 11 - 24)  The parable of two debtors (Luke 7: 36 - 50)  The Pharisee and Tax collector (Luke 18: 1 - 18)	Parables about the lost (Luke 15:1 – 32)  Parable of the lost sheep (Luke 15:3 – 7)  Parable of the lost coin (Luke 15:8 – 10)  Silbitheme	<ul> <li>The parable of the lost Son (Luke 15: 11 – 24)</li> <li>Persistence in Prayer (Luke 18: 1 – 14)</li> <li>Parable of the widow and the unjust judge (Luke 18: 1 – 18)</li> <li>Parable of the Pharisee and the Tax Collector (Luke 18: 1 – 18)</li> </ul>
		- 15 -	JESUS' TEACHINGS, MIRACLES AND PARABLES

Emphasis should be made on:  Describe and explain the significance of the triumphant entry (humility, kingship)  Describe the incidence of the last supper.  Explain the importance of the last supper.  Description of the incidents in the specified content.	Notestorigudance  - Biblical teachings Christian responses and practices on the specified social issues.
• The triumphant entry into Jerusalem (Luke 19: 28 – 40) • Cleansing of the temple (Luke 19: 41 – 48) • Jesus' conflicts with the Jewish leaders (Luke 20: 1 – 21: 1 – 4) • Predictions of trials, troubles and persecutions to come (Luke 21: 5 – 38) • Predictions of trials, troubles and persecutions to come (Luke 21: 5 – 38) • The Last Supper (Luke 22:1-38) • The Last Supper (Luke 22:1-38) • The denial by Peter, trial, crucifixion, death and burial (Luke 22:57-71, 23:1-56) • Witness to the risen Christ • The disciples on the way to Emmaus • Appearance of the disciples • Jesus' ascension to heaven	• Self-respect, Integrity and moral decision making (1 Corinthians 6:19-20, Ephesians 5:4) Incidents that destroy Ruman life • Suicide (2 Samuel 17:23, Exodus 20: 13, Jerémiah 1:5, Galatians 3:13, Matthew 27: 5-6) • Abortion (Jeremiah 20:17, Psalm 127:3-5, Galatians 1:15a)
9. THE JOURNEY, NINISTRY IN JERUSALEM CRUCIFIKION, RESURRECTION AND ASCENSION OF JESUS	10. CHRISTIANITY AND SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR

	Poverty and wealth
•	Teachings on poverty and wealth (Proverbs 23:4-5; Psalm 37:16-17, Proverbs
\$	Taking care of the sick and elderly (Luke 10:30-37; 1 Timothy 5:1-8 Roman 13:8; Proverbs 19:17)
	<ul> <li>Crime and punishment (Matthew 7:2; Leviticus 24:19-20; John 8:7)</li> </ul>
	Abuse
	• Sexual (2 Samuel 13:1-ff)
•	• Physical
	。 Emotional
	• Financial

#### GRADE DESCRIPTIONS

The scheme of assessment is intended to encourage positive achievement by all candidates. Grade descriptions are provided to give a general indication of the standards of achievement likely to have been shown by candidates awarded particular grades. The grade awarded will depend on the extent to which the candidate has met the assessment objectives overall and may conceal weakness in one aspect of the examination that is balanced by above-average performance on some other.

Criteria for the standard of achievement likely to have been shown by candidates awarded Grades A, C and E are shown below.

## A Grade A should be able to:

A Knowledge and understanding

demonstrate a detailed knowledge and clear understanding of the curriculum content, a balanced coverage of the curriculum content and the ability to select appropriate features of the information required; organise and present the information in a consistent and appropriate manner

B Analysis and interpretation

demonstrate a thorough analysis and interpretation of the areas concerned with the study of Christianity, including: a thorough analysis and interpretation of Christian beliefs, teachings and practices; an analysis and interpretation of the influence of particular individuals, writings, traditions etc., on communities; an analysis and interpretation of principal beliefs and the ability to express them clearly and to show ° the relationship between belief and practice; an interpretation of moral issues and values.

#### C Evaluation

demonstrate the ability to see the significance of specific issues and clearly express a personal opinion supported with appropriate evidence and argument.

## A Grade C should be able to: .

A Knowledge and understanding ...

demonstrate a wide knowledge and understanding of the syllabus content and the ability to select appropriate features of the information required; show some ability in organising and presenting the information.

B Analysis and interpretation

demonstrate a reasonable analysis and interpretation study of the Bible, including: some analysis and interpretation of biblical texts; some understanding of the influence of particular individuals, writings, traditions etc., on communities; an understanding of principal beliefs and the ability to show the relationship between belief and practice; an understanding of at least one moral issue and its relationship with religious belief.

#### C Evaluation

demonstrate the ability to see the significance of a specific issue and to express a personal opinion.

#### A Grade E should be able to:

A Knowledge and understanding

demonstrate some knowledge of the syllabus content and the ability to select some features of the information required; attempt some organisation of the information.

## B Analysis and interpretation

demonstrate some interpretation of the areas concerned with the study of bible, including: a limited understanding of biblical text; a simple understanding of the influence of particular individuals, writings, traditions etc.; an understanding of a principal belief; an understanding of a moral issue and its relationship to Christian belief.

#### C Evaluation

express clearly a personal opinion supported with some argument.

#### COMMAND WORDS

It is hoped that the glossary will prove a helpful guide. Candidates should appreciate that the meaning of a term must depend, in part, on its context.

COMPARE :

Write about what is similar and different about two things.

COMPLETE

To add the remaining details required.

CONTRAST

Write about the differences between two things.

DEFINE

Give the meaning or definition of a word or a phrase

DESCRIBE

Write what something is like or what it is.

EXPLAIN

Write about why something happens

**GIVE REASONS** 

Write about why something occurs or happens

**GIVE YOUR VIEWS** 

Say what you think about something

HOW

In what way? To what extent? By what means/methods? May be coupled with show how (prove how, demonstrate how).

.IDENTIFY

Pick out something from information you have been given.

LABEL

Placing specific names or details to an illustrative technique in response to a particular requirement.

LIST

Identify and name a number of features to meet a particular

purpose.

NAME

To state or specify or identify. To give the word or words by which a specific feature is known or to give examples which

illustrate a particular feature.

REFER TO/

WITH REFERENCE TO

Write an answer which uses some of the ideas provided in a

picture/map/photograph or text, etc., or other additional material

such as a case study.

STATE

Give a brief detail about something

STUDY

Look carefully at (usually one of the figures in the paper)

SUGGEST

Give your ideas on or knowledge of something.

USE

Base your answer on the information provided.

WITH THE HELP OF

Write an answer that uses some of the information provided as well as additional material.



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The Examinations Council of Eswatini

P. O. Box 1394, Mbabane

Tel: 2417 8000 Fax: 2416 2862

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