TITLE OF PAPER:

TEACHING PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE

COURSE CODE:

EDC100

STUDENTS: B.Ed.1 Primary (IDE &F/T), B.Ed. 1 Secondary (IDE &F/T), PGCE (IDE &F/T).

TIME ALLOWED:

Three (3) Hours

INSTRUCTIONS: 1. There are two sections in this paper.

- 2. Answer all the questions in section A.
- 3. Answer any one question from Section B
- Section A carries a total of 75marks while each question in Section B carries
 25marks.

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QUESTION 1

| a. A Profession is | |
|--|-------------|
| | |
| b. Explain two differences between the teaching profession and other professions. | |
| (i) | *********** |
| (2r | |
| (ii) | |
| (2 | |
| c. Summarize all the principles of effective teaching outlined by Fraser (1992) using one sent each: | tence for |
| (i) | |
| (ii) | |
| (III) | |
| (iv) | |
| (v) | |
| (vi) | |
| (vii) | •••••• |

| (1mark each = 10marks) | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| d. A teacher using the Success Approach in c | assroom management will to do the fo | ollowing: |
| i | | |
| ii | | |
| W | | |
| iv | | |
| V | | |
| vi | | |
| vii | | (1ma |
| each = 7marks) | | |
| e. Three of the challenges facing the 21st Cer | ntury teacher are: | |
| | , | |
| (i) | | |
| (ii) | | |
| , | | |
| (ii) | | •••••• |
| (ii) | | |
| (ii) | | |
| (ii) | of a learning community. | |
| (ii)mark each x3 = 3marks) f. Distinguish between the three dimensions | of a learning community. | |
| (ii) | of a learning community. | |
| (ii) | of a learning community. | |
| (iii) | of a learning community. | |
| (iii) | of a learning community. | |
| (iii) | of a learning community. | |

| III | |
|---|---|
| iv. | |
| v. | |
| vi. | |
| vii. | |
| viii. | |
| ix. | |
| | |
| | |
| | (1mark each =9marks) |
| b. Analyze using specific examples, the three lev system: | vels at which planning occurs in an educational |
| i | |
| Example: | |
| ii | |
| Example: | |
| lii | |
| | |
| | |
| Example: | |
| | (2marks each = 6marks) |
| | |
| | |

ii

| ii. Show now as a classroom teacher you will apply them during your teaching? | | |
|---|----------|--|
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| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | (4marks) | |
| d. The four main components of an Instructional Framework are: | | |
| i. · | | |
| ii. | | |
| iii. | | |
| iv. | (4marks) | |
| e. The two types of Motivation used by classroom teachers are: | | |
| i. | | |
| ii. | (2marks) | |
| f. The most common method of teaching used by teachers is: | | |
| | (1mark) | |
| Total for Question 2 = 30marks | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| b. | The most common variables considered in individualized instruction age, content, pace materials, method and | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | A. Objective B. Textbooks C. Experiences | | | | | |
| c. | The pause between asking the question and soliciting a response is referred to as A. Wait – time B Answering - time C. Question – time | | | | | |
| d. | The ability of the teacher to maintain a conducive Teaching – Learning environment is classroom | | | | | |
| | A. Management B. Planning C. Leadership | | | | | |
| e. | During instruction all individuals are motivated in directions A. Same B different C. all | | | | | |
| f. | The three stage processing model involves: A. Meaningful learning, Sensory motor and short term memory. B. Sensory memory, short term memory and sensory register C. Sensory register, short term memory and long term memory. | | | | | |
| g. Individualized instruction is suitable for | | | | | | |
| | A. Some subjects B. All subjects C. No subject | | | | | |
| h. T | he art of teaching involves | | | | | |
| | A. Arguing B. Debating C. Instruction. | | | | | |
| i. A | type of operant conditioning is | | | | | |
| | A. Punishment B. Listening C. Talking | | | | | |
| j. Tł | ne major challenge of the 21 st Century teacher is teaching in a | | | | | |
| | A. Multilingual classroom B. Multifocal classroom C. Multicultural classroom | | | | | |
| k. T | he name of the instructional method in which learners work together in small groups to | | | | | |
| | maximize their own learning and the learning of their colleagues is | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| m. The development of new knowledge, skills, values or attitudes as an individual interact with | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| the information and environment is called: | | | | | |
| A. Perception | B. Learning | C. Instruction. | | | |
| n. Ability to break an idea or information into its constituent elements is called: | | | | | |
| A. Synthesis | B Evaluation | C. Analysis | | | |
| o. Broad statements of intention without stating the specific behavior to be produced are | | | | | |
| called: | | | | | |
| A. Goals | B Aims | C. Objectives. | | | |
| | | | | | |

B. Small group

A. Forum

C. Panel

Total for Question 3 = 15marks

doing their work. Use examples from your subject content in your descriptions. (25marks)

QUESTION 5.

As a teacher, discuss how you will help to modify the behavior of a learner who is constantly misbehaving in your classroom. (10 marks)

- b. With the aid of example, explain the relationship between teaching and learning. (10marks)
- c. State five advantages of using cooperative learning during instruction. (5marks)

END OF PAPER!!