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Course Code: EDC 636 (M) 2010

UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND



FACULTY OF EDUCATION

[DEPARTMENT OF CURRIVULUM AND TEACHING]

SEMESTER 1 EXAMINATION PAPER, DECEMBER 2010

TITLE OF PAPER:

CURRICULUM STUDIES IN RELIGIOUS

EDUCATION

COURSE CODE

EDC 636

STUDENTS

MASTER OF EDUCATION

TIME

THREE HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Question ONE is compulsory

2. Answer any THREE other questions

3. Marks are indicated against each question

DO NOT TURN THIS PAPER UNTIL PERMISION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR.

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QUESTION 1

A compulsory Question

One of the aims of the Religious Education Junior Secondary Syllabus is stated as "...learners should have acquired an understanding of contemporary **social**...issues in Swaziland...." (Source: Religious Education Junior Secondary Syllabus (2006:3). Ministry of Education: Government Press).

Using the above aim, use the attached JC Syllabus to construct a scheme of work for a Form 3 class covering the duration of a month in the second term of schools in Swaziland.

[25]

QUESTION 2

- a) Explain Goldman's (19640 Theory of Religious Development. (10)
- b) Drawing from your readings and observations discuss how best an RE teacher can plan instruction based on this 'theory' in the context of teaching Religious Education in Swaziland schools.(15)

[25]

QUESTION 3

- a) Discuss the assessment objectives and assessment procedures of the Swaziland International General Certificate of Secondary Education (IGCSE) Religious Education course. (15)
- b) With appropriate examples critically evaluate the extent to which you think the new examination is likely to improve or worsen the teaching/learning of Religious Education in secondary/high schools in Swaziland. (10)

[25]

QUESTION 4

Gillard (1991) asks the question: 'Does the presence of a variety of religions in a modern society present a problem or an opportunity for Religious Education?'

Using appropriate examples drawn from the high school Religious Education IGSCE course in Swaziland, discuss at least five critical issues raised by the author. To what extent are the issues you discussed affecting the teaching of RE in Swaziland schools?

[25]

QUESTION 5

Discuss any five teaching techniques considered suitable for the teaching of Religious Education, highlighting their positive impact on teaching/learning and student understanding of the Religious Education subject.

[25]

QUESTION 6

Discuss characteristics of a 'professional' Religious Education teacher. What challenges does this teacher face in teaching Religious Education in Swaziland schools and how can these challenges be addressed or resolved?

[25]

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JUNIOR CERTIFICATE

RELIGIOUS EDUCATION SYLLABUS

FORMS 1-3

2006

SYLLABUS LAYOUT

| STRAND | OBJECTIVES | TEACHING |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| | | TECHNIQUES |
| FORM 1 | , | |
| Introduction to Religion | Discuss the importance of studying Religious Education. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Identify the different religions found in Swaziland. | Pair work |
| | Locate on the world map where each of the religion studied originates. | Pair work |
| | Use the words: theist, atheist, agnostics, polytheist, monotheist correctly. | Exposition / Discussion |
| · | Explain myths, and legends about the origin of the universe as portrayed by the 4 religious traditions | Research / discussion |
| Characteristics of Religions | Identify the major characteristics of religion. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Discuss the major characteristics of religions (beliefs, teaching, practices, ethical codes, worship and myths). | Discussion |
| | Define the characteristics of religion (Supreme Being, places and forms of worship, festivals, fasts, myths, special days, pilgrimage, sacred writings, rites of passage, religious personages and ethical codes. | Exposition / Discussion |
| Origins of the three world religions. | | |
| Christianity | Discuss Christian beliefs about: God-Father Son and the Holy Spirit; God as love, shown through life death and resurrection of Jesus; sin and salvation | Discussion |
| · | Identify the major figure: Jesus of Nazareth | Discussion |
| | | |

| Islam | Discuss the main beliefs in Islam: the Unity of God (Tawhid): God as creator, sovereignty of God; the beautiful names of God; Allah's compassion; the day of Judgement, life after death; and angels Identify the major figure: | Discussion/Research Discussion |
|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| | Prophet Muhammad. | Discussion |
| Judaism | Identify the patriarchs Abraham, Isaac and Jacob | Discussion |
| | Discuss the significance of the patriarchs. | Discussion |
| TOPIC 1 Places and forms of worship | | |
| Christianity | Identify the places of worship: church, cathedral, chapel, meeting house; font, baptistery, sanctuary, screen iconostasis, altar, communion table, pulpit, lectern, cross, crucifix, icon, lights and candles | Exposition / Discussion/Excursions |
| | Distinguish between the public and private forms of worship: forms of prayer e.g. intercession, thanks giving; Holy Communion (Lord's Supper, Eucharist, Mass) | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Discuss religious leaders worship and their functions: bishop, priest, minister, lay reader and local preacher. | Investigation and discussion |
| | Identify and discuss the use of liturgical objects, art music, Stations of the Cross, symbolic actions, kiss of peace. | Discuss |
| Places & forms of worship | | · . |
| Judaism | Identify places of worship: Synagogue; ark (aron hakodesh), bimah (reading desk); Ner Tamid (eternal light); tablets of the law. | Exposition / Discussion/Excursion . |
| | Identify the different symbols | Exposition / Discussion |

| | of worship: seven-branched menorah; Magen. David (star or shield of David) the home as a place of worship and the main focus of the festivals, ritual objects e.g. mezuzah Discuss the importance of Public and private worship: Sabbath, and daily services, minyan (number required for public worship) readings from the Torah and Prophets, Amidah (standing prayer); Shema. | Exposition / Discussion |
|---|---|---------------------------|
| | Discuss the importance of: Rabbi (teacher) cantor, ritual dress, tallit (prayer shawl), tefillin, kippah / yarmulka (skull cap) | Exposition/Discussion |
| Places and Forms of Worship Islam | Discuss the importance of the places and forms of worship: Synagogue, ark, bimah, Ner tablets of the law Tamid | Guided discovery |
| | Locate the major areas where the Islamic Faith is dominant. | Guided discovery |
| | Trace the growing Islam | Discussion |
| | Identify areas in Swaziland where the Moslems are found | Exposition and discussion |
| | Give the names Allah | Exposition and discussion |
| | Discuss the attributes of Allah | Exposition and discussion |
| | Discuss the calling of the major figure: Prophet Muhammad | Exposition and discussion |
| | Identify the places and forms of worship: Mosque (masjid); minaret, dome mihrab (niche), quiblah (direction), minbar (steps of sermon); Qur'an stand; art, architecture and calligraphy; | Exposition and discussion |
| | Describe public and private worship: salah (pl.salat) (prescribed prayer), rakah (unity of salah), the sequence of positions | Discussion |
| | Explain the significance of Imam (leader of worship) Muezzin (caller) | Exposition and discussion |

| | Discuss the Adhan (call to prayer) Iqamah (call to worship) wudu (ritual ablution) | Discussion |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| | Discuss the Five Pillars of Islam: (reed prayer, poor dues, Fasting, Pilgrimage) | Discussion |
| | Five Pillars . | |
| | 1. Declaration of faith (Shahadah) | |
| | 2. Compulsory prayers (salah) | |
| | 3. Welfare dues (zakah) | |
| | 4. Pilgrimage (Hajj) | |
| | 5. Fasting (sawn) | |
| TOPIC 2 | | |
| FESTIVALS, FASTS AND SPECIAL DAYS | | |
| Christianity | Identify the festivals and special days: Christmas, Epiphany (including Holy Week), Easter, Pentecost, Sunday, Patronal Festivals, Saints' days | Exposition and discussion |
| | Identify the time of each festival. | Discussion |
| | Give the duration of each festival | Discussion |
| | Discuss the significance of each festival. | Discussion |
| | Discuss the significance of fasting | Discussion |
| FESTIVALS, FASTS AND SPECIAL DAYS | | |
| Judaism | Identify the festivals in Judaism | Exposition and discussion |
| | Identify the times of each festival | Discussion |
| | Give the duration of each festival | Discussion |
| | Discuss the theme of each festival | Discussion . |
| | Discuss the Religious Feasts: making offering to priest, | Discussion |

| | | |
|---------------------|--|-------------------------|
| | finding your neighbour's property | |
| | Discuss the Ten Commandments and their two keys laws: | Exposition / Discussion |
| | (i) Honour thy father and thy mother. | |
| | (ii) Thou shall not covet thy neighbours' wife or goods | |
| | Discuss special days: Sabbath: Friday evening meal, kiddush and ha-motzi synagogue services havdalah | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Pilgrim festivals: Pesach (Passover), Shavuot (Pentecost), Sukkot (Tabernacles) | |
| | High Holy Days: Rosh Hashanah (New Year) Yom Kippur (Day of Atonement) Minor festivals, Chanukah, Purim | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Modern Festivals | |
| | Discuss modern festivals: Tu Bi'shvat (New Year for trees), Yom Hashanah (Holocaust Day) | Exposition / Discussion |
| FESTIVALS FASTS AND | Compare the Jewish Calendar with the convectional calendar | Discussion |
| SPECIAL DAYS | | |
| Islam | | |
| | Identify the festivals fasts and special days: | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Ramadan, Id al-Fitr (the end of Ramadan), Id al- Adha (feast of sacrifice), the Birthday of Muhammad (Mawlid wl-Nabi), Night of | |
| | Power (Lailat ul- Qadr) Jummah (Friday midday prayers) | |
| | ✓ Birthday of Muhammad (Mawlid ul-Nabi) | |

| | ✓ Nigh of Power (Lailat ul-Gadr). ✓ Jummah (Friday | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | midday prayer). | | | | |
| TOPIC 3 PILGRAMAGE | , | | | | |
| Christianity | Identify the pilgrimages undertaken by Christians: Bethlehem, Jerusalem, local places of pilgrimage | Exposition / Discussion | | | |
| | Give examples of local places of Pilgrimage | Exposition | | | |
| | Discuss the importance of each Pilgrimage | Guided Discovery | | | |
| PILGRIMAGE | | | | | |
| Judaism | Identify the Pilgrimage in the Jewish Faith | Resource person/Guest speaker | | | |
| | Discuss importance of each Pilgrimage: Jerusalem; Western (Wailing) Wall, Yad Vashem (Holocaust Memorial), Masada | Discussion | | | |
| PILGRIMAGE | | | | | |
| Islam | Identify the Pilgrimage undertaken in the Islamic Faith: Hajj: Makkah and Medina: | Discussion | | | |
| | Discuss the importance of each pilgrimage | Discussion | | | |
| FORM 2 | | | | | |
| TOPIC 4 | | | | | |
| SACRED WRITINGS AND OBJECTS | | | | | |
| Christianity | Identify the sacred writings and objects in Christianity. | Exposition and discussion | | | |
| | Explain the role of the Bible in worship and as a guide for life. | Discussion | | | |
| | Explain the basis of the authority of the Bible. | Exposition and discussion | | | |

| | Discuss the types of literature it Discussion contains | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| | Give examples of sacred writings used in Christianity Discussion | |
| | Critically analyse the use of sacred literature in Christianity Exposition and discussion | |
| | Give examples of sacred Guided discovery objects | |
| • | Explain the use of sacred objects in Christianity Exposition and discussion | |
| | Explain the importance of sacred object in Christianity Exposition and discussion | |
| SACRED WRITINGS AND OBJECTS | | |
| Judzism | Name the sacred writings, Bible: Torah, (Law), Nevi'im (Prophets) Ketuvim (Writings) | |
| | Discuss the role of the Bible in worship and as a guide for life | |
| | Explain the Mishnah (codification of the oral law,) and Talmud (commentary on the Mishnah) | |
| | Identify the types of literature in the Bible Talmud Exposition/discussion | |
| | • | |
| SACRED WRITINGS AND OBJECTS | | |
| Islam | Discuss the origin of the Qur'an Guided Discovery | |
| | Explain the nature of the Qur'an literature | |
| | Give the essential doctrines of the Qur'an: | |
| , | Belief in Allah Belief in the Holy Books Belief in Angels Belief in the Prophets Belief in Predestination Belief in the Day of Judgment | |
| | Explain the use of the Qur'an in worship and as a guide for life | |

| | • | Discuss the concept of revelation (wahy) | Discussion |
|----------------------|---|---|---------------------------|
| | • | State the significance of hafiz (person who can recite the Qur'an by heart) | Discussion |
| | • | Explain hafiz (person who can recite the Qur'an by heart) | Exposition and discussion |
| | • | Describe the Hadith (Life example of Muhammed) | Exposition and discussion |
| TOPIC 5 | | | |
| THE RITES OF PASSAGE | | | |
| Christianity | | | |
| | • | List the rites of passage: infant baptism / dedication, believers) baptism, first communion, confirmation, marriage ceremonies, funeral (ceremonies) | Discussion |
| | | Analyse the importance of each one of the rites of passage in the life of the individuals. | Discussion |
| RITES OF PASSAGE | | | |
| Judzism | | | |
| | | Identify the rites of passage | Exposition and discussion |
| RITES OF PASSAGE | * | Discuss the importance of the rites of passage with emphasis on birth ceremonies, circumcision, (Brit Milah), Bar / Bat Mitzvah, marriage ceremonies death and mourning rituals | Discussion |
| Islam | | | |
| | • | Identify the rites of passage in the Islamic Faith. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | • | Birth ceremonies: adhan and iqamah (calls to faith); marriage ceremonies, funeral ceremonies. | Discussion |
| | • | Analyse the importance of each rite of passage. | Guided discovery |
| | • | Compare and contrast rites of passage in the 3 Religious traditions studies | Discovery/Presentations |

| TOPIC 6 | | |
|---|--|---------------------------|
| MAJOR DIVISIONS OR SECTS | | |
| Christianity | Identify the major divisions or sects within the Christian faith Orthodex, Roman Catholic, Protestant (including Anglican and other Reformed Churches) | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Explain the evolution of each division. | Discussion |
| · | Distinguish between each of the divisions. | Discussion |
| | | |
| MAJOR DIVISIONS OR SECTS | | |
| Judaism | Identify the major divisions in Judaism (Utra-orthodox, Orthodox, Progressive) | Guided discovery |
| | Explain the evolution of each division. | Exposition / Discussion |
| · | Distinguish between each of the division: | Discussion |
| MAJOR DIVISIONS OR | | |
| SECTS Islam | Identify the major sects found within the Islamic Faith (sunni,shia) | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Discuss the History behind the formation of each sect | Discussion |
| | Distinguish between each of the divisions | Exposition and discussion |
| TOPIC 7 | | |
| RELIGIOUS LEADERS IN LOCAL COMMUNITY (DO NOT INCLUDE THE FUNCTIONS OF LEADERS WHICH IS COVERED IN STRAND 1) | | •. |
| Christianity | Identify the major 3 Christian bodies found in Swaziland | Guided discovery |

| | | Explain the role played by the leaders: Bishops, Priests, Reverends, Ministers, Deacons and Pastors | Guided discovery/Presentations |
|---------|---|--|---------------------------------|
| | • | Explain the role of the leaders in the welfare of members of the community, e.g. care of the sick, elderly, the HIV infected and affected, politically oppressed | Guided discovery/Presentations |
| | • | Discuss the role played by religious leaders in nurturing the young in faith. | Guided discovery/Presentations |
| | | Investigate the pastoral duties of leaders in the welfare of all the members of the community: (poverty stricken, HIV / AIDS victims, sick and elderly.) | Guided discovery /presentations |
| Judaism | • | Explain the role of the leaders in the welfare of members of the community e.g. care of the sick, the elderly, HIV infected and affected, politically oppressed. | Guided discovery/presentations |
| | • | Discuss the role played by religious leaders in nurturing the youth in faith | Guided discovery/presentations |
| | • | Investigate the pastoral duties of leaders in the welfare of all the members of the community, both clerical and lay e.g. Rabbi | Guided discovery/presentations |
| Islam | • | Explain the role of the leaders in the welfare of members of the community in the Islamic faigh. e.g. care of the sick, the elderly, the HIV infected and affected, politically oppressed | Guided discovery/presentation |
| | • | Discuss the role played by religious leaders in nurturing the young in faith | Discussion |
| | • | Investigate the pastoral duties of leaders in the welfare of all the members of the community, (poverty stricken, HIV / AIDS victims, sick and elderly.) | Guided discovery/presentation |
| | | | |

| Give the three forms of life | Discussion |
|---|---|
| Give the characteristics of the three forms of life | Discussion |
| Explain why human kind is considered as the most important of all creation | Discussion |
| Identify things beyond human control | Guided discovery/presentation |
| Explain the value of animal life in the three religions | Exposition / Discussion |
| Discuss different ways by which animal life can be protected in the Religions Studied. | Discussion |
| Discuss ways in which human beings can use animal life in enhancing their religious beliefs | Exposition / Discussion |
| List some ways in which plant life can be protected | Exposition / Discussion |
| Discuss the religious importance of plant life in the three religions | Discussion |
| Describe ways by which plants can be used in the different religions studied | Discussion |
| Discuss some taboos that can lead to the destruction of human plant and animal life | Discussion |
| · | · . |
| Describe a family structure — e.g. nuclear, extended community, extended groups e.g. Kibbutzim, relationships and responsibilities within the family e.g. husband/wife, parents/children. | Discussion |
| | Give the characteristics of the three forms of life Explain why human kind is considered as the most important of all creation Identify things beyond human control Explain the value of animal life in the three religions Discuss different ways by which animal life can be protected in the Religions Studied. Discuss ways in which human beings can use animal life in enhancing their religious beliefs List some ways in which plant life can be protected Discuss the religious importance of plant life in the three religions Describe ways by which plants can be used in the different religions studied Discuss some taboos that can lead to the destruction of human plant and animal life Describe a family structure — e.g. nuclear, extended community, extended groups e.g. Kibbutzim, relationships and responsibilities within the family e.g. husband/wife, |

| | • | Discuss emotional and material support offered by parents to their children. | Exposition/Discussion |
|----------------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| | | Discuss the rights and responsibilities of children. husband and wife. | Exposition/discussion |
| | • | Analyse the value of a family to its members and the importance of living in a family according to different religion. | Debate |
| | | Describe the role of family members as viewed by different religions: Christianity, Islam, Swazi Traditional Religion and Judaism | Presentations |
| | = | Assess the social economic religious and political reasons which have necessitated women to abandon their traditional roles | Guided discovery/Debate |
| | • | Examine complimentary roles between genders in the religions studied. | Discussion |
| Marriage and Divorce | • | Define: celibacy, chastity, adultery, fornication, polygamy, divorce, monogamy polyginy and polyandry. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | • | Describe a religious wedding ceremony in Christianity, Islam and Judaism. | Exposition/Discussion |
| | • | Discuss how the religions studied view marriage and divorce. | Debate |
| | • | Identify the different sex orientations (lesbianism, heterosexual, homosexuality and bestiality) | Presentations |
| | • | Discuss the different sex orientations. as viewed by the religions studied, (lesbianism, heterosexual, homosexuality and bestiality) | Guided discovery/Debate |
| | • | Discuss the view of the different religions about population control | Discussion |
| Suicide | | Define suicide | Guided discovery |
| | • | Give reason for suicide | Exposition/Discussion |

| | Outline consequences of suicide in society | Exposition/Discussion |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| | Discuss the ethical teaching of the different religions on suicide | Exposition / Discussion |
| Abortion | Identify the different types of abortion | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Discuss the different types of abortion | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Discuss medical, social and legal reasons for abortion | Guided discovery |
| | Discuss physical, emotional, religious implications of committing abortion. | Guided discovery |
| | Discuss the different views expressed in religious traditions studied about abortion | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Distinguish between euthanasia, massacre and murdering. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Discuss the teachings of the religious traditions studied on euthanasia, massacre and murder. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | State the ethical teaching of the different religions on murder. | Exposition/Discussion |
| | Outline the effects of murder in the society | Guest Speaker |
| | Discuss social and economic facts on euthanasia | Exposition / Discussion |
| Religions and Poverty and Wealth | Define: wealth, poverty | Discussion |
| | Identify local, regional, international organizations that assist the poor. | Exposition / Discussion |
| World Poverty / Wealth | Identify the religious organizations that help the poor | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Describe the work of religious | Guided discovery and presentation |

| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
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| | organizations that help the poo e.g. Hope House | OT . |
| | Describe the Christian and Islamic views of poverty. | Discussion |
| | Discuss the teachings of the three religious studied about wealth. | Discussion |
| | Discuss the teaching and practice of religious traditions studied of the use of money. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Show how giving is viewed in the different religions. | Exposition / Discussion |
| Prejudice and | Define prejudice discrimination, equality and justice. | Exposition/Discussion |
| Discrimination | Discuss the teaching of each religious tradition about prejudice, discrimination, justice and equality. | Discussion |
| Peace and Conflict | Define peace, conflict / war, for giveness, justice, pacifism explain just war and Holy war compare each one of them a war (s) today. | |
| | Explain just war and holy war | Discussion |
| | Discuss the social, economic and political effects of war. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Discuss causes of war | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Give examples of a religious conflict: e.g. Israel / Palestine | Exposition/Discussion |
| | Discuss the attitude of Christians, Muslims and Jews towards war. | Guided discovery |
| Crime and Punishment | Define sin, crime, law, justice deterrence, reform, judgement punishment and capital punishment. | |
| | Differentiate between the type of punishment | Discussion |
| | Compare and contrast the different views shared by the three religions studied about capital punishment | |

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| TOPIC 9 SWAZI TRADITIONAL RELIGION | Discuss the elements of the Swazi traditional Religion: Supreme Being, lesser being, myths, symbols, rituals, prayer, sacred persons, magic and taboo. | Exposition/Discussion |
| The elements of the Swazi Traditional Religion | Identify the elements of the lesser beings and ancestors. | Discussion |
| | Show relationships between community and the individual. | Discussion |
| | Compare and contrast Swazi tradition as religion with Universal human rights. | Discussion |
| | Distinguish between the sacred and the secular. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Explain ancestor veneration- cum-worship. | Exposition/Discussion |
| | Describe the nature of Swazi traditional Religion (cosmic unity, proselyte, no coded scriptures) | Guided discovery Debate |
| | _ | |
| | Define intermediaries | Exposition/discussion |
| Intermediaries | List the characteristics of intermediaries Explain the roles and functions of intermediaries | |
| | Distinguish between human and spirit intermediaries – both good and bad. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Investigate the influence of intermediaries in the lives of people, king, priests, medicine men, prophets and diviners | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Discuss the major religious leaders: king, priests, medicine men, prophets and diviners | Exposition / Discussion |
| , | Examine their roles in the welfare of the members of the | Discussion |
| Religious Personage | society: sick, elderly, poor, HIV/AIDS infected and affected | |

| · | Identify the pilgrimage undertaken in the Swazi Traditional religion: butimba, lusekwane, reed dance. Discuss the importance of each pilgrimage | Discussion |
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| | bugi mmgc | |
| Source of Swazi Traditional Religion | Discuss the reed dance as fertility cult Discuss the significance of the feast of the First-Fruit (Incwala) | Expositions / Discussion Discussion |
| | and Lusekwane) | |
| | Analyse the significance of the attire: Inyoni, Sigeja Shield. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Identify sacred places and songs. | Investigate/Presentation |
| | Analyse the sacred songs. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Compare and contrast the cause of sickness and healing in Swazi Traditional Religion, Christianity and Islam. | Resource Person/Presentation |
| | Discuss myths and legends of Swazi Traditional Religion | Exposition / Discussion |
| | - | |
| Function of Swazi | Discuss the role played by Swazi Traditional Religion in cultural unity and identity | Exposition , Discussion and Presentation |
| Traditional Religion | Discuss the rites of passage in the Swazi Traditional Religion: birth, initiation, marriage and death | Exposition/Discussion |
| | Compare and contrast the rites of passage in Swazi Traditional religion, Christianity and Islam. | Exposition/Discussion |
| | Show relationship between the living – dead epic heroes (family and national ancestors) | Resource Person/Presentation |
| | Define the term AIC | Exposition / Discussion Resource |
| | - Deline me reim AIC | person Guest Speaker |
| RELIGIOUS GRÓUPS AICS' | Identity the different types of AIC's | Exposition/Discussion |
| | Distinguish between the | Exposition / Discussion |
| | | |

| | different types of AICs. | |
|--|---|-------------------------|
| | Compare and contrast the history behind the formation of the AIC's and the introduction of Islam and Christianity in Swaziland. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Evaluate the impact of AIC's in Swazi religion. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Investigate interaction between the AIC's and the western culture | Discussion |
| | Present the hierarchal structure in the AIC's | Discussion |
| | Discuss the significance of the symbols in the ritual dresses of each AIC studied: cross, sickle, stars, new moon, and different colours. | Exposition/Discussion |
| | Identify the pilgrimage undertaken by each AIC | Exposition/Discussion |
| TOPIC 10 RELIGION AND THE LOCAL COMMUNITY | Describe the relationship between the three religions studied (Judaism, Christianity and Islam) within the Swazi community. | Exposition / Discussion |
| | Discuss the positive and negative sides of the different missionary work/proselytizing used by the religions studied. | Discussion |
| | Discuss the relationship between the religions studied with: Swazi Traditional Religion | Exposition/Discussion |
| | | · |