#### **UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND**



#### **INSTITUTE OF POST GRADUATE STUDIES**

## DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATIONAL FOUNDATIONS AND MANAGEMENT NOV/DEC, 2008

# FINAL EXAMINATION PAPER MASTER OF EDUCATION (M.Ed)

COURSE CODE

: EDF / EDC 620

TITLE OF PAPER

: QUANTITATIVE RESEARCH METHODS

TIME ALLOWED

THREE (3) HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

(I) ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

(II) SOME STATISTICAL FORMULAE ARE

**ATTACHED** 

**TOTAL MARKS** 

100

THIS PAPER IS NOT TO BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION TO DO SO HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR.

#### Question 1

A researcher wanted to see whether there was a relationship between being motivated in one's studies and one's level of creativity. He measured 8 students on both motivation and creativity and obtained the following set of ranks.

<u>Pupil</u>	<b>Motivation</b>	<b>Creativity</b>
Α	1	2
В	2	1
С	3	3
D	6	7
E	8	9
F	7	8
G	5	4
H	8	5

- (a) What statistic would he use to test this relationship and why?
  (5 marks)
- (b) Compute the statistic and fully discuss the meaning of your answer (20 marks)
- (c) State (i) a null hypotheses and an (5 marks) (ii) alternate hypothesis the researcher can formulate. (5 marks)
- (d) What scale of measurement was used? Justify your answer. (5 marks)

#### Question 2

Briefly analyse the following indicating when you can use each of them.

- (a) The chi-squared test (15 marks)
- (b) One-way Analysis of Variance (15 marks)

#### **Question 3**

Giving examples, differentiate between:

(a)	descriptive and inferential statistics.	~ ~	(10 marks)
(b)	parametric and non-parametric statistics	(	(10 marks)
(c)	one-tailed and two-tailed tests.	(	(10 marks)

### EDF/EDC 620 Final NOV/DEC 2008

## 1. Standard Deviation

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \overline{x})^2}{N - 1}}$$

2. 
$$\frac{N\sum XY - (\sum X)(\sum Y)}{\sqrt{[(N\sum X^2 - (\sum X)^2(N\sum Y^2 - (\sum y)^2)]}}$$

3. 
$$rho = 1 - \frac{6\sum d^2}{N(N^2 - 1)}$$