UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND FACULTY OF EDUCATION DEPARTMENT OF CURRICULUM AND TEACHING

SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION 2006 : B.Ed. III AND PGCE COURSE: EDC371 CURRICULUM STUDIES IN COMMERCE DURATION: 3 HOURS

Instructions:

- 1. This paper contains four questions.
- 2. Answer ALL questions.
- 3. Each question carries 25 marks. As a guide to candidates, marks to part questions are given in brackets.

THIS PAPER IS NOT TO BE OPENED UNTIL PERMISSION IS GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR.

Question 1

- (a) Why is attitude development and motivation of consequence in Commerce and **Business Studies?** [5].
- Explain the following motivation strategies: (b)
 - role reversal; (i)
 - role diffusion. (ii)

[8].

Suggest three teaching strategies you would use in a Commerce class to motivate (c) your pupils using role reversal. (Each strategy must be explained fully).

[25 marks]

Question 2

- (a) "Educational games, simulations and case studies can be viewed as overlapping sets." (Percival & Ellington 1980). Discuss this statement. [8].
- Choose a topic from Commerce or Business Studies and show how you would (b) (i) plan, conduct and follow-up a simulation game. [12]. [5].
 - State the objectives of the simulation game in (b)(i) above. (ii)

[25 marks]

Question 3

- [4]. Distinguish between notemaking and notetaking. (a)
- (b) Explain three purposes served by notes. [3].
- What are the characteristics of good notes? [6]. (c)
- Describe three notemaking options available to the Commerce teacher. [12]. (d)

[25 marks]

Question 4

- (a) Explain the following as they relate to Commerce / Business Studies syllabus development:
 - (i) assessment objectives;
 - (ii) specification grid;
 - (iii) scheme of assessment.

[9].

(b) Who are the **stakeholders** in business curriculum development?

[6].

(c) As a teacher, how would you use behavioural objectives in the Commerce syllabus to ensure that the objectives of the curriculum planners are the same as yours?

[10].

[25 marks]

END OF QUESTION PAPER.