

1ST SEM. 2018/19

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UNIVERSITY OF ESWATINI

SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION PAPER

PROGRAMME

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN FOOD

SCIENCE, NUTRITION AND

TECHNOLOGY, CONSUMER SCIENCE AND CONSUMER SCIENCE EDUCATION

YEAR II

COURSE CODE

FNS203

:

:

TITLE OF PAPER

HUMAN NUTRITION

TIME ALLOWED

TWO (2) HOURS

INSTRUCTION

ANSWER QUESTION ONE (1) AND

ANY OTHER TWO (2) QUESTIONS

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QUESTION 1: COMPULSORY

Choose the correct answer and write the question number and your answer choice on the answer sheet. For example, if the answer for number 1 is "a" then you should write "1 a" on your answer sheet.

Multiple choice

1.	W	nich of the following statements about trace mineral is false?				
	a.	They are often cofactors to enzymes				
	b.	They are important for DNA synthesis				
	c.	They do not directly provide energy				
	d.	They are not essential in the diet				
	e.	They can compete with each other				
2.	What is the storage form of fat found in adipose tissue?					
	a.	Chylomicrons				
		Triglycerides				
		Cholesterol				
		VLDL				
		Phospholipids				
3.	W	nich statement accurately describes a characteristic of osteoporosis?				
	a.	Increased risk for active individuals				
	b.	Increased risk for males				
		Increased bone density				
	d.	Increased calcification of bone				
	e.	Reduced calcium and bone matrix				
4.		and are not consequences of dehydration.				
	a.	Dry mouth, reduced urine output				
	b.	Muscle weakness, exhaustion				
	c.	Dizziness, increased body temperature				
	d.	Insulin resistance; decreased blood sugar levels				
	e.	Coma, death				
5.	Δn	anzyma 41 - 41 · 41				
٠,	2 10	enzyme the activation energy required for a reaction, which the rate of				
	uic	action.				
		Increases; increases				
	c.	Increases; neutralizes				
	d.	Neutralizes; increases				
		Lowers; increases				
	C.	Lowers; lowers				

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6.	A	ll of the following are functions of water except:
	a.	
	b.	Regulating body temperature
	c.	Dissolving and transporting solutes
	d.	Providing energy
	e.	Maintaining pH balance
7.	W	hich of the following is/are function(s) of the gastro intestinal tract?
	a.	Protecting against infection
	b.	Fluid and electrolyte absorption
	c.	Synthesis of bioactive peptide hormones
	d.	Both a and b
	e.	All of the above
8.	Th	e process of uses energy to construct components of cells.
	a.	Anabolism
		Catabolism
		Fermentation
		Oxidation
	e.	All of the above
9.	Th	e amino acids pool directly helps with all of the following except:
	a.	Energy production
	b.	Synthesis of glucose or fatty acids
	C.	Synthesis of noneprotein molecules that contain nitrogen
		Protein breakdown
	e.	None of the above
10.	Th	e is an accessory organ to the gastrointenstinal tract involved with protein
	dig	estion.
		Mouth
		Small intestine Pancreas
		Stomach
		Large intestine
11.		breaks down protein and polypeptides into shorter polypeptides.
		Lactase
		Dextrinase
		Renin
		Lipase
	e.	Trypsin

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12	can have mo	ore than three amino acids.
a.	/C •	
b.	Quadripeptides	
c.	Quintipeptides	
d.	Polypeptides	
e.	All of the above	
13. Tr	ransamination is the	process by which can be created in the body
a.	Triglycerides	
b.	Nonessential amin	no acids
	Essential amino a	eids
	Carbohydrates	
e.	Oligosaccharides	
14. W	hich of the following	g is a/are functions of protein in the human body?
a.	Transport of subst	ances in and out of cells
	Protection and im	
	Muscle contractio	
	Structure for tissu	es
e.	All of the above	
15. Bl	ood electrolyte leve	ls are tightly regulated, mainly by the
a.	Liver	
	Kidneys	
	Pancreas	
	Bladder	
e.	Large intestine	
1.6 337		
16. WI	hich of the followin	g is an important reason to insoluble fiber?
a.	It provides digesti	ole energy
D.	It provides a source	e of energy for intestinal bacteria in humans
c. a	It facilitates remov	al of solid waste by providing bulk
	It inhibits passage	
e.	it supplies many w	rater soluble vitamins
17 W/L	oich of the Call	
17. W1	It is again to 1	g statements regarding niacin deficiency is true?
a.	It is associated wit	h diets low in fruits and vegetables
		h maize-based diets
d.	It is never fatal	mented with fortified or enriched foods
		stania
C.	It may result in bac	ciena

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- 18. What is the relationship between vitamin B₆ and amino acids?
 - a. It can be produced from certain essential amino acids
 - b. It can be produced from certain non-essential amino acids
 - c. It facilitates transamination to produce non-essential amino acids
 - d. It prevents the production of neurotransmitters from amino acids
 - e. It is not involved in amino acids synthesis
- 19. Which of the following is/are (a) function(s) of thiamin?
 - a. Help metabolize carbohydrates
 - b. Help metabolize some amino acids
 - c. Help synthesize DNA and RNA
 - d. Both b and c
 - e. All of the above
- 20. In order to derive energy from glucose, what must happen after glycolysis yield pyruvate?
 - a. It must be converted to acetyl CoA to enter the electron transport chain
 - b. It must be converted to a acetyl CoA to enter the citric acid cycle
 - c. It must be stored as glycogen
 - d. It must be converted to a triglyceride
 - e. It must be used to breakdown triglycerides

 $[20 \times 2 = 40 \text{ Marks}]$

QUESTION 2

(a) Discuss the basic, underlying and immediate causes of malnutrition.

(13 Marks)

(b) (i) Describe the treatment of severe protein-energy malnutrition.

(9 Marks)

(ii) Describe UNICEFs inexpensive measures to prevent protein-energy malnutrition.

(8 Marks)

[TOTAL MARKS = 30]

QUESTION 3

(a) Write brief notes on overnutrition and obesity.

(15 Marks)

(b) Describe the consequences of iron deficiency and anemia and suggest prevention strategies.

(15 Marks)

[TOTAL MARKS = 30]

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QUESTION 4

(a) Describe infant feeding practices recommended by WHO

(15 Marks)

(b) Describe the special nutritional requirements for pregnant and lactating women.

(15 Marks)

[TOTAL MARKS = 30]