

1st SEM. 2008/2009

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UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

FINAL EXAMINATION PAPER

PROGRAMME: BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN HORTICULTURE YEAR IV

COURSE CODE:

HORT 405

TITLE OF PAPER:

TEMPERATE FRUIT AND NUT PRODUCTION

TIME ALLOWED:

TWO [2] HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

ANSWER ANY FOUR (4) QUESTIONS

DO NOT OPEN UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE INVIGILATOR

INSTRUCTIONS: ANSWER ANY FOUR (4) QUESTIONS

QUESTION 1

Discuss objectives of any fruit breeding programme. (15 marks)
Outline the methods employed in the propagation of fruit tree rootstocks. (10 marks)

[25 marks]

QUESTION 2

a) Define the significance of 'thinning' flowers or fruits (8 marks)

Discuss the conditions which affect the response 'chemical thinning' of fruit crops.
 (17 marks)

[25 marks] ·

QUESTION 3

The apple (Malus domestica Borkh.) is widely consumed in Swaziland although not widely cultivated. Most of the known cultivars have a specific chilling temperature requirement that is necessary for successful cultivation. What interventions may be made for sustainable production of apple in Swaziland?

[25 marks]

QUESTION 4

The pecan nut is a popular tree nut that has not gained wide cultivation in Swaziland. Provide some cultural facts that may help enhance the production of this economically important crop.

[25 marks]

QUESTION 5

In situations where dwarfing rootstocks were unavailable, orchard managers had resorted to cultural / physical manipulation techniques to modify growth of tree crops. Discuss the significance of 'root pruning' in this regard.

[25 mark	KS]
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