

# 2<sup>ND</sup> SEMESTER 2011/2012 UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND FINAL EXAMINATION PAPER

PROGRAMME: BSc. ANIMAL SCIENCE III,

BSc. ANIMAL SCIENCE DAIRY OPTION III,

**COURSE CODE: AS 308** 

TITLE OF PAPER: RESEARCH METHODS

TIME ALLOWED: TWO (2) HOURS

**INSTRUCTIONS**: ANSWER ANY FOUR QUESTIONS

THIS PAPER MAY NOT BE OPENED UNTIL THE CHIEF INVIGILATOR HAS GRANTED PERMISSION

# **QUESTION 1**

Define the following: (5 points each)

- a) Basic research
- b) Applied research
- c) A sample
- d) Deliberate sampling bias
- e) Purposive sampling

# **QUESTION 2**

- i). An animal nutrition researcher has four sheep fitted with rumen cannula and wants to test the rate of rumen degradation of protein for four different feeds.
- ii). What experimental design would you suggest in this situation? Justify your answer. (8)
- iii). State one advantage and three disadvantages of the design you suggested. (8)
- iv). List three factors that are considered when choosing a sampling method. (6)
- v). Name the three broad classifications of numbers in research. (3)

# **QUESTION 3**

- a) List five characteristics of a well designed experiment (15)
- b) Define the term experimental unit (4)
- c) Why is it critical to be able to correctly identify the experimental unit in a given experimental situation (2)
- d) Give two reasons why is it important to review literature related to proposed research work before writing a research proposal? (4)

# **QUESTION 4**

Discuss completely randomized experimental designs (CRD) under the following headings

- i). Brief description of the design (6)
- ii). Randomization (4)
- iii). Advantages (6)
- iv). Disadvantages (6)
- v). Name the most appropriate statistical test one would perform if a CRD experiment had a single factor with three levels and the response variable was quantitative (3)

# **QUESTION 5**

- a) List <u>five</u> possible starting points or sources of a research topic (10)
- b) Using an illustrative example discuss general and specific research objectives (10)
- c) List <u>five</u> factors which have an effect on the minimum sample size required for a given experimental situation (5)