

1ST SEM. 2011/2012

PAGE 1 OF 3

UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

FINAL EXAMINATION PAPER

PROGRAMME:

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS AND AGRIBUSINESS MANAGEMENT II AND BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION II

COURSE CODE:

AS 208

TITLE OF PAPER:

RUMINANT ANIMAL PRODUCTION

TIME ALLOWED:

TWO (2) HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

ANSWER ANY FOUR (4) QUESTIONS, AT

LEAST ONE(1) QUESTION FROM EACH

SECTION.

DO NOT OPEN THIS PAPER UNTIL PERMISSION HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE CHIEF INVIGILATOR.

PAGE 2 OF 3

SECTION A

BEEF PRODUCTION

DR BJ DLAMINI

QUESTION 1

What are the major differences in beef cattle performance between Swazi Nation Land and Title Deed Land? What are the causes of these differences in performance?

(25 Marks)

QUESTION 2

Discuss beef cattle marketing in Swaziland.

(25 marks)

SECION B.

DAIRY PRODUCTION PROF AM DLAMIN,

QUESTION 3

Discuss the feeding of dairy calves from birth to weaning.

(25 marks)

QUESTION 4

Outline the classification of dairy farmers in Swaziland and explain how this has impacted on the status of milk production in the country.

(10 marks)

PAGE 3 OF 3

DR GZ KHUMALI GOAT AND SHEEP RODUCTION

SECTION C

QUESTION 5

Nutrition of a doe/ewe is one of the most important management practices in goat and sheep production. Discuss the nutrition of a doe/ewe during the following times of its reproductive life:

(25 marks)

- (i) Premating (flushing)
- (ii) Mating and first month of pregnancy
- (iii) Mid-pregnancy (second and third month)

QUESTION 6.

Lax management at parturition is one of the cause of high kid mortality, which in turn leads to economic loss to a farmer. Outline the activities a farmer could undertake to minimise kid mortality during the first two weeks of life.

(25 marks)