

SUPPLEMENTARY 2005/2006

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UNIVERSITY OF SWAZILAND

SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION PAPER

PROGRAMME: DIPLOMA IN AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION YEAR I

DIPLOMA IN HOME ECONOMICS VEAR I

DIPLOMA IN HOME ECONOMICS YEAR I

DIPLOMA IN HOME ECONOMICS

EDUCATION YEAR I

REMEDIAL IN AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION

REMEDIAL IN AGRICULTURE

REMEDIAL IN HOME ECONOMICS

REMEDIAL IN HOME ECONOMICS EDUCATION

COURSE CODE: AEM 103

TITLE OF PAPER: PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS

TIME ALLOWED: TWO (2) HOURS

INSTRUCTION: 1. ANSWER QUESTION ONE AND CHOOSE ANY

OTHER TWO FROM THE REMAINING THREE

OUESTIONS.

2. QUESTION ONE CARRIES FORTY (40) MARKS

AND THE REMAINING QUESTIONS THIRTY

MARKS EACH.

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Question 1

(a) Explain the various factors that affect demand of a given commodity.

(20 MARKS)

(b) With help of diagrams explain the effects of shifts in supply and demand.

(20 MARKS)

Question 2

(a) Differentiate between pure competition and pure monopoly.

(10 MARKS)

(b) Consider the following table showing income and quantities consumed of goods A and B.

INCOME	QUANTITY OF A	QUANTITY OF B
600	100	150
700	120	130

Using the averaging method calculate relevant elasticities from these figures and state what type of goods A and B are.

(5 MARKS)

(c) Given the following data for a commodity:

PRICE	QUANTITY DEMANDED
1.00	100,000
0.50	300,000
0.25	600,000
0.10	1.000.000

Calculate arc price elasticities of demand for the commodity and explain what these numbers mean.

(10 MARKS)

(d) Explain possible effects when government fixes prices in the market? Use diagram(s) in your explanations.

(5 MARKS)

Question 3

(a) Do you believe that the prices of other commodities may affect the supply of a given commodity. Explain your answer.

(15 MARKS)

(b) With the help of a diagram, explain how equilibrium price and quantity may be determined by the forces of supply and demand.

(15 MARKS)

Question 4

(a) Which of the following represents quantity demanded and quantity supplied?

PRICE	Q1	Q2
100	421	307
200	190	510
50	615	219
150	207	421
120	365	365

(5 MARKS)

(c) With the help of diagrams differentiate between a change in demand and a change in quantity demanded.

(5 MARKS)

(d) Differentiate with examples between variable costs and fixed costs in relation to short run and long run.

(10 MARKS)

(e) Suppose you are a pure competitor in the market and you are currently selling 209 units of commodity X at E10 per unit. If you raised the price of commodity X to E15, what would be the percentage change in quantity demanded? Give reasons for your answer.

(5 MARKS)

(e) Suppose a farmer initially produces 40 bags of maize at an average total cost of E400.00 each. The farmer then increases production of maize to 42 bags. The production of the additional 2 bags reduces the average total cost to E390.00. What is the marginal cost of each of the additional bag of maize?

(5 MARKS)